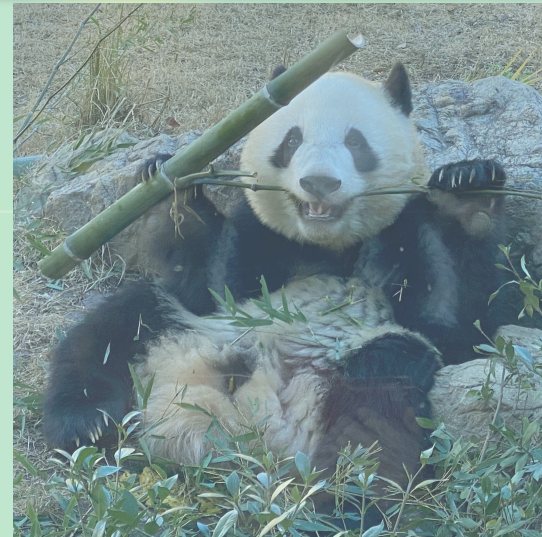


# Femtoscscopy for exotic hadrons and nuclei




**Tetsuo Hyodo**

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2023, Sep. 29th 1

# Contents



## Introduction — Femtoscopy primer



## Femtoscopy for exotic hadrons

- $K^-p$  correlations for  $\Lambda(1405)$

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, PRL124, 132501 (2020)

- $DD^*$  and  $D\bar{D}^*$  correlations for  $T_{cc}$  and  $X(3872)$

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



## Femtoscopy for hypernuclei

- $\Lambda\alpha$  correlations and  $\Lambda$  in medium

A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation



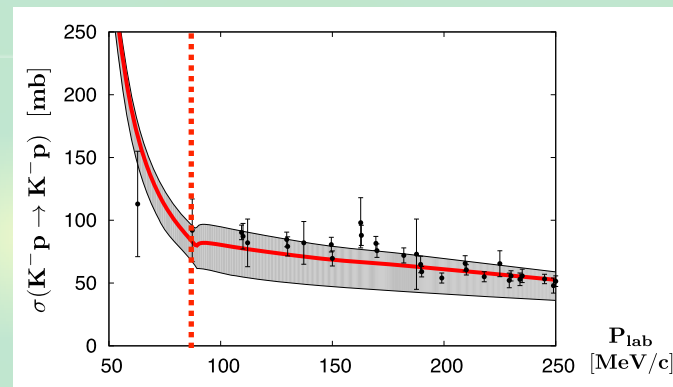
## Summary

# Scattering experiments and femtoscopy

## Traditional methods: scattering experiments

Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011)

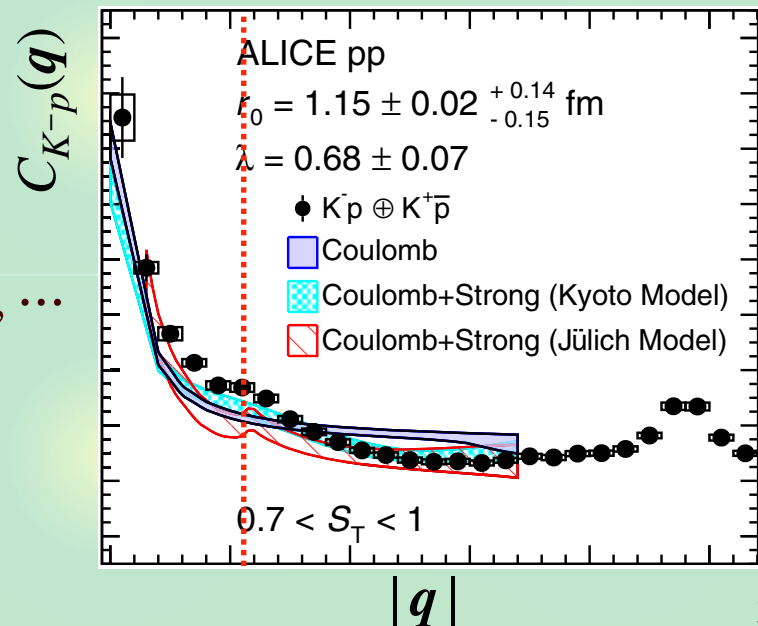
- limited channels:  $NN, YN, \pi N, KN, \bar{K}N, \dots$
- limited statistics (low-energy)
- heavy ( $c, b$ ) hadrons: impossible



## Femtoscopy: correlation function

ALICE collaboration, PRL 124, 092301 (2020)

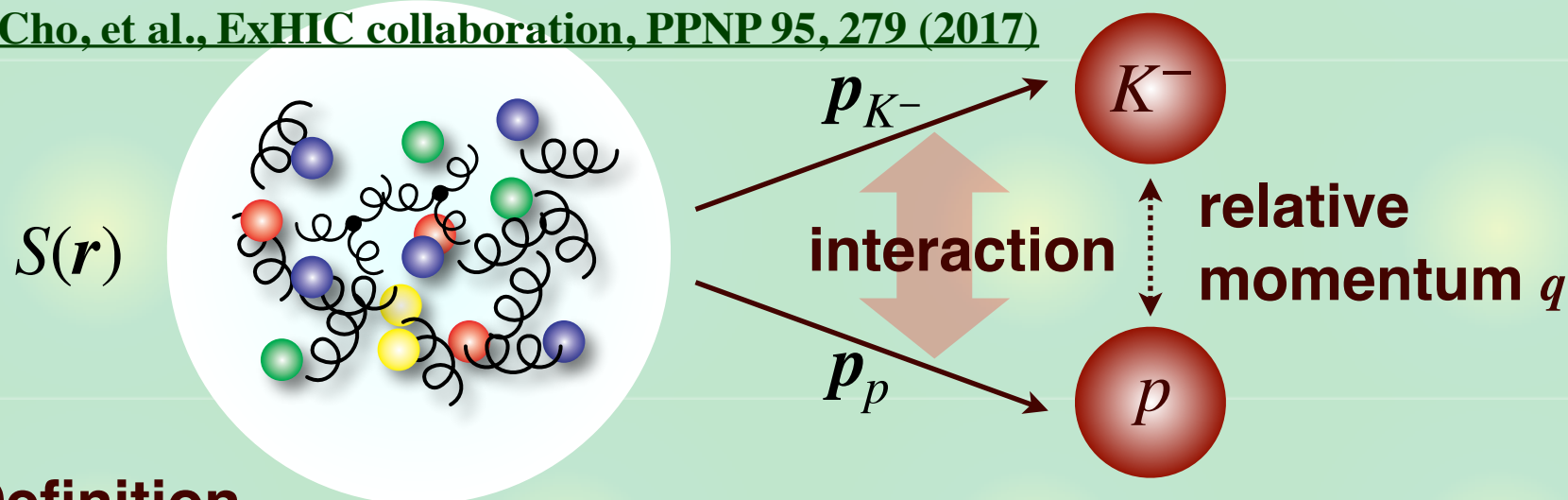
- various systems:  $\Lambda\Lambda, N\Omega, \phi N, \bar{K}\Lambda, DN, \dots$
- Excellent precision ( $\bar{K}^0_n$  cusp)
- heavy hadrons: possible!



# Correlation function and hadron interaction

High-energy collision: chaotic source  $S(r)$  of hadron emission

S. Cho, et al., ExHIC collaboration, PPNP 95, 279 (2017)



## - Definition

$$C(q) = \frac{N_{K^-p}(p_{K^-}, p_p)}{N_{K^-}(p_{K^-})N_p(p_p)} \quad (= 1 \text{ in the absence of FSI/QS})$$

## - Theory (Koonin-Pratt formula)

S.E. Koonin PLB 70, 43 (1977); S. Pratt, PRD 33, 1314 (1986)

$$C(q) \simeq \int d^3r S(r) |\Psi_q^{(-)}(r)|^2$$

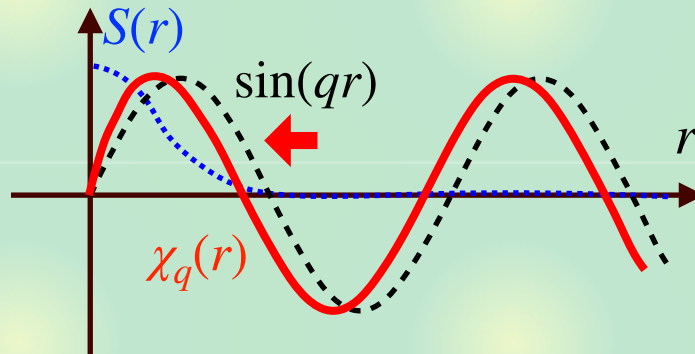
Source function  $S(r) \leftrightarrow$  wave function  $\Psi_q^{(-)}(r)$  (interaction)

# Wave functions and correlations

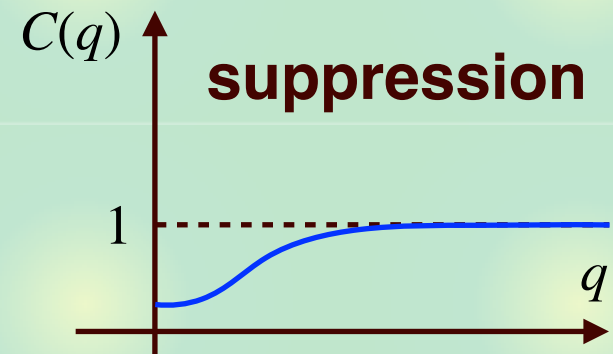
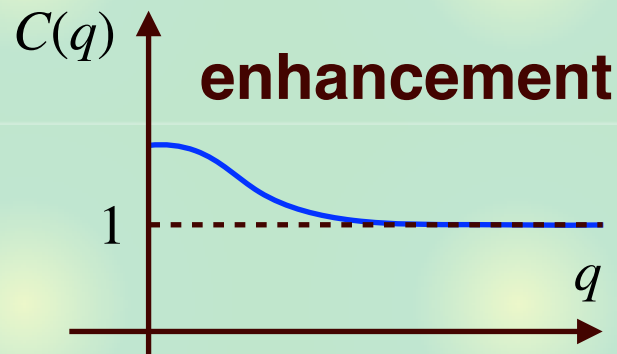
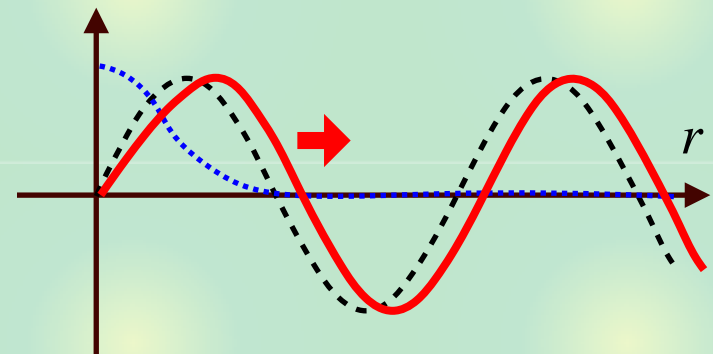
## Spherical source with s-wave interaction dominance

$$C(q) \simeq 1 + \int_0^{\infty} dr S(r) \{ |\chi_q(r)|^2 - \sin^2(qr) \}$$

**attraction**



**repulsion**



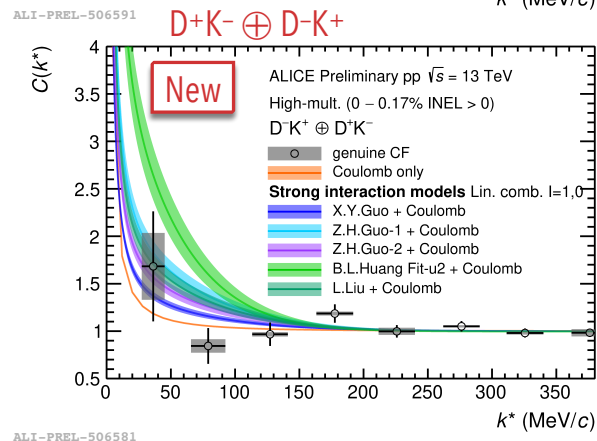
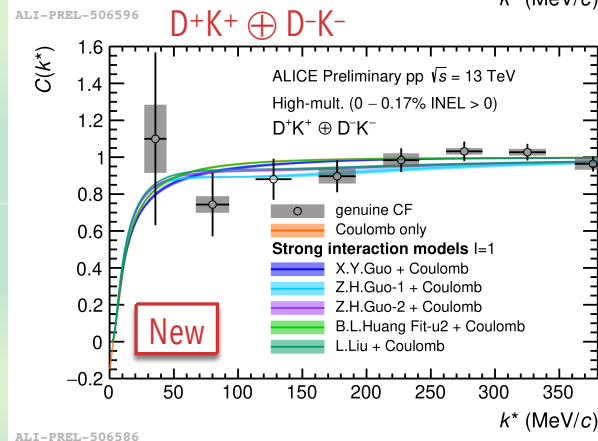
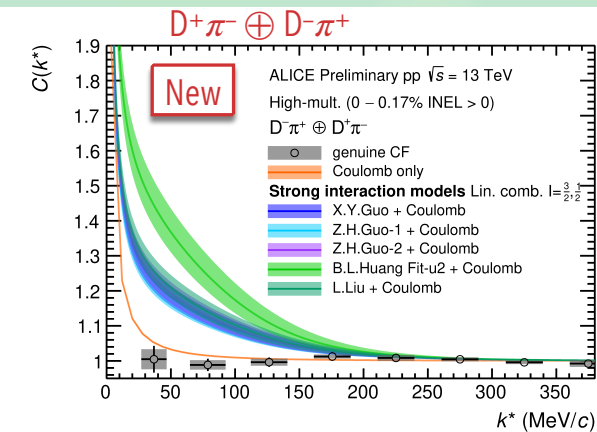
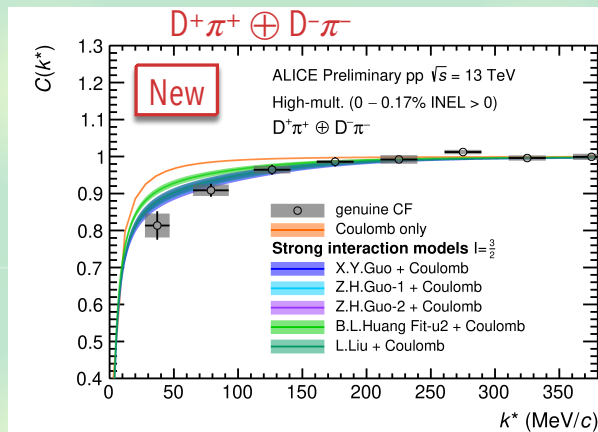
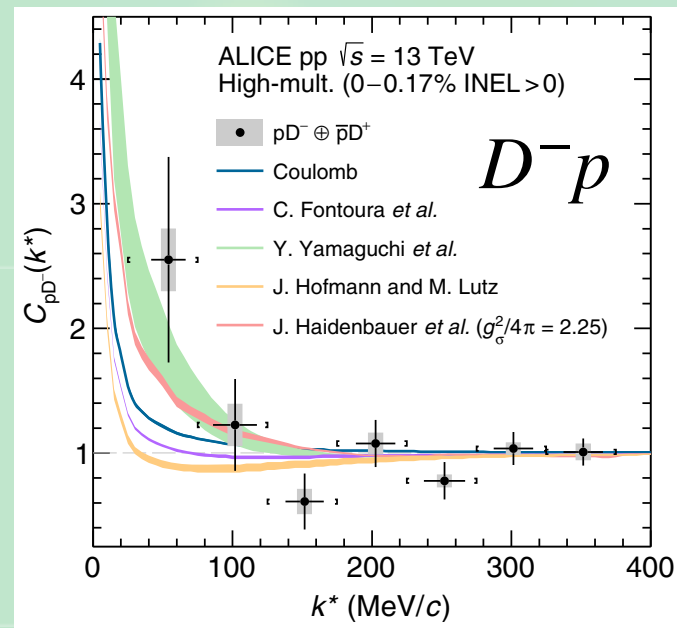
Qualitative behavior reflects **nature of interaction**

# Experimental data in charm sector

## Observed correlation functions with charm: $DN, D\pi, DK$


ALICE collaboration, PRD 106, 052010 (2022);


Talk by F. Grosa @ Quark Matter 2022



Unique way to obtain data in charm sector (yet low statistics)

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-  $\Lambda\alpha$  correlations and  $\Lambda$  in medium

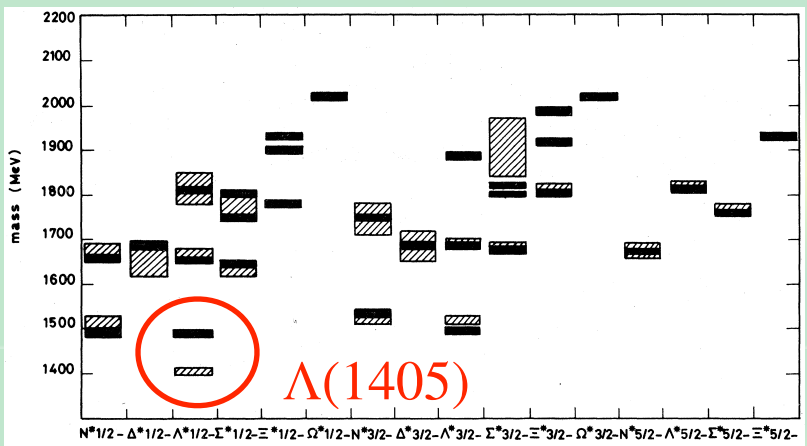
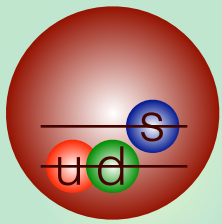
[A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation](#)

 Summary

# $\Lambda(1405)$ and $\bar{K}N$ scattering

$\Lambda(1405)$  does not fit in standard picture  $\rightarrow$  exotic candidate

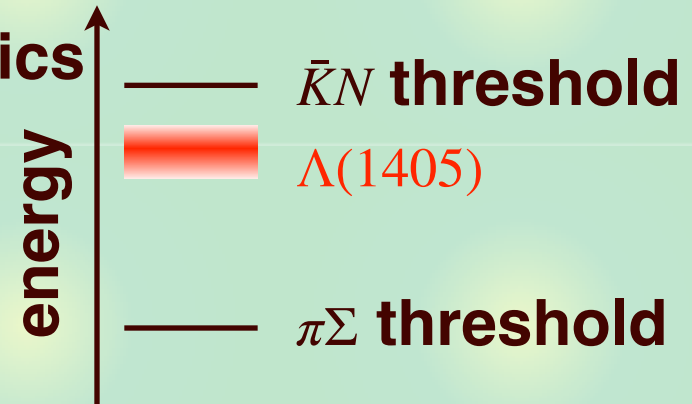
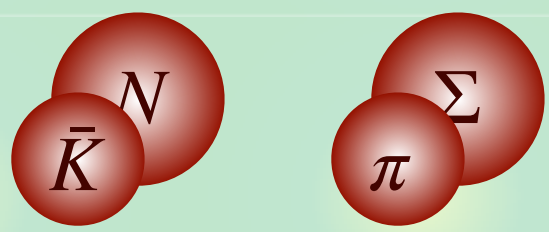
N. Isgur and G. Karl, PRD18, 4187 (1978)



— : theory  
 [hatched box] : experiment

## Resonance in coupled-channel scattering

- Coupling to MB: Chiral SU(3) dynamics





# Pole positions are determined

## 2020 update of PDG

- Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011); NPA 881, 98 (2012); ▲
- Z.H. Guo, J.A. Oller, PRC87, 035202 (2013); ✕
- M. Mai, U.G. Meißner, EPJA51, 30 (2015) ■ ○

### - Particle Listing section:

Citation: P.A. Zyla et al. (Particle Data Group), Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. **2020**, 083C01 (2020)

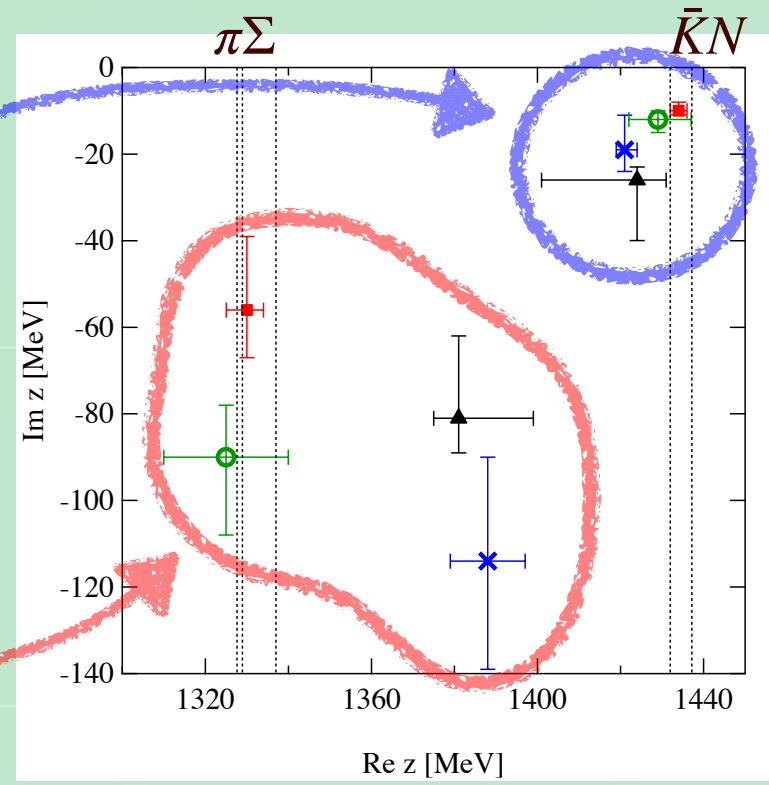
**$\Lambda(1405) 1/2^-$**

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$  Status: \*\*\*\*

Citation: P.A. Zyla et al. (Particle Data Group), Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. **2020**, 083C01 (2020)

**$\Lambda(1380) 1/2^-$**

$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$  Status: \*\*  
**new!**



T. Hyodo, M. Niyama, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 120, 103868 (2021)

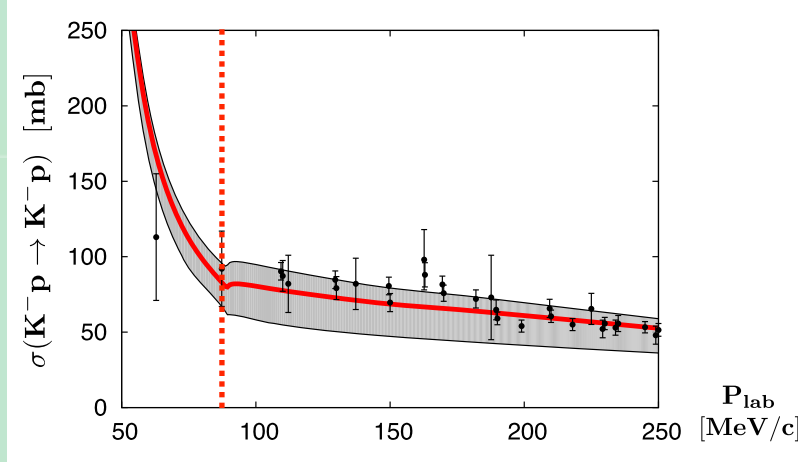
- “ $\Lambda(1405)$ ” is no longer at 1405 MeV but  $\sim 1420$  MeV.
- Lower pole : two-star resonance  $\Lambda(1380)$

# Experimental data of $K^-p$ correlation

## $K^-p$ total cross sections

Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011)

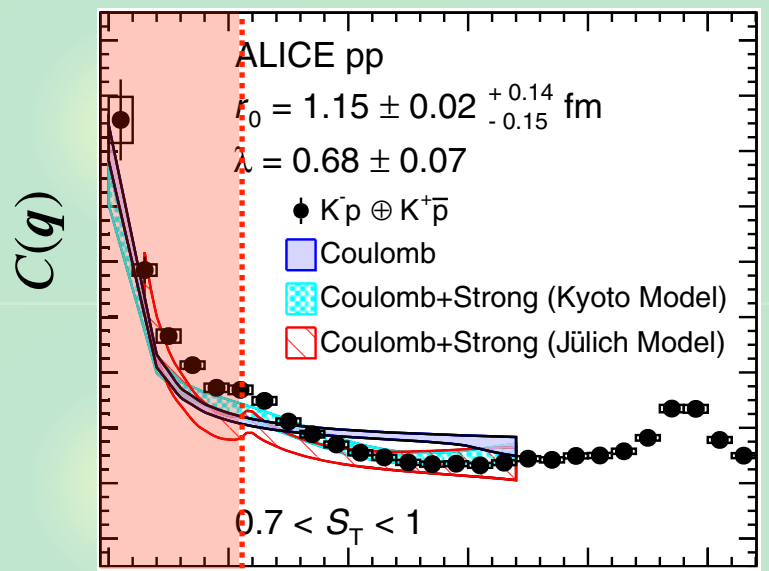
- Old bubble chamber data
- Resolution is not good
- Threshold cusp is not visible



## $K^-p$ correlation function

ALICE collaboration, PRL 124, 092301 (2020)

- Excellent **precision** ( $\bar{K}^0n$  cusp)
- Low-energy data **below**  $\bar{K}^0n$



—> Important constraint on  $\bar{K}N$  and  $\Lambda(1405)$

# Coupled-channel effects

## Schrödinger equation (s-wave)

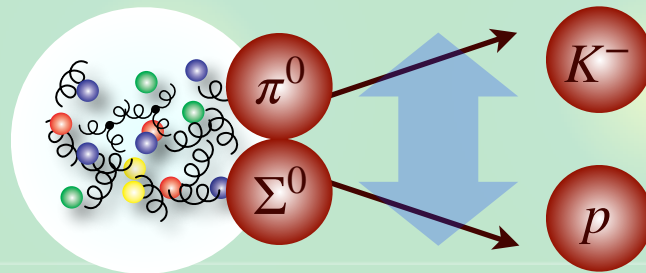
$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2\mu_1} \frac{d^2}{dr^2} + V_{11}(r) + V_C(r) & V_{12}(r) & \cdots \\ V_{21}(r) & \frac{-1}{2\mu_2} \frac{d^2}{dr^2} + V_{22}(r) + \Delta_2 & \cdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0 n}(r) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = E \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0 n}(r) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

**Coulomb**                      **threshold energy difference**

## Asymptotic ( $r \rightarrow \infty$ ) wave function

$$\begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0 n}(r) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \propto \begin{pmatrix} \#e^{-iqr} + \#e^{iqr} \\ \#e^{-iq_2 r} + \#e^{iq_2 r} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{incoming} + \text{outgoing}$$

- **Transition** from  $\bar{K}^0 n, \pi^+\Sigma^-, \pi^0\Sigma^0, \pi^-\Sigma^+, \pi^0\Lambda$  is in  $\psi_i(r)$  with  $i \neq K^-p$



# Coupled-channel correlation function

## Coupled-channel Koonin-Pratt formula

R. Lednicky, V.V. Lyuboshitz, V.L. Lyuboshitz, *Phys. Atom. Nucl.* **61**, 2950 (1998);

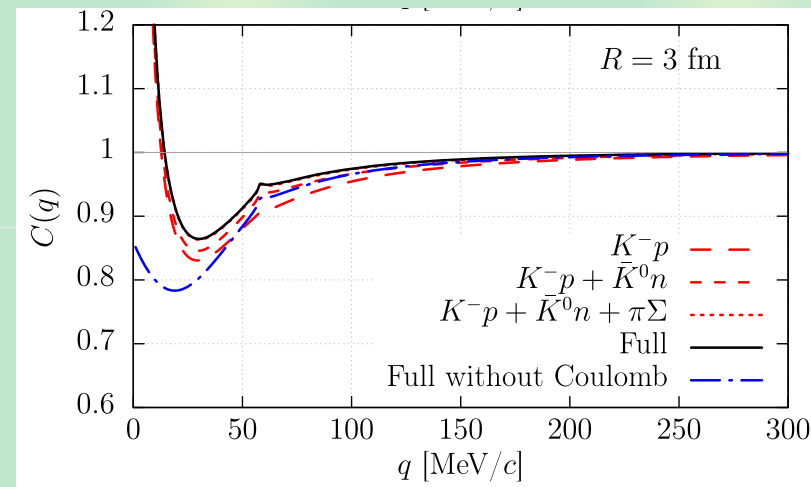
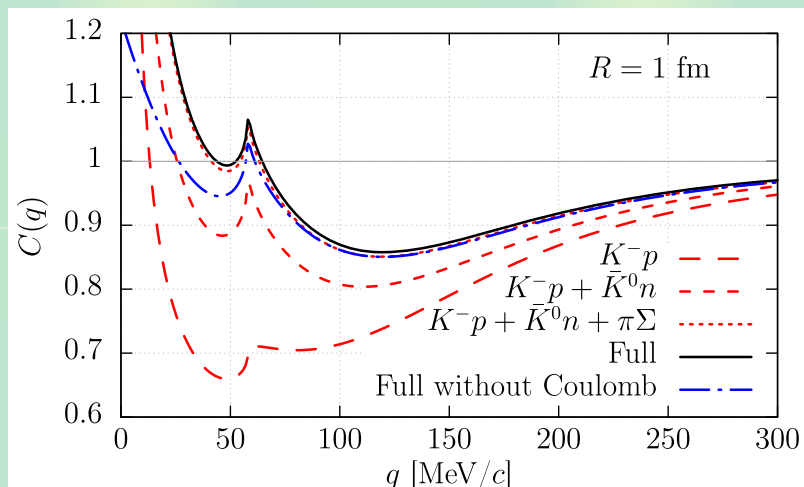
J. Haidenbauer, *NPA* **981**, 1 (2019);

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, *PRL* **124**, 132501 (2020)

$$C_{K^-p}(q) \simeq \int d^3r S_{K^-p}(r) |\Psi_{K^-p,q}^{(-)}(r)|^2 + \sum_{i \neq K^-p} \omega_i \int d^3r S_i(r) |\Psi_{i,q}^{(-)}(r)|^2$$

- **Transition** from  $\bar{K}^0 n, \pi^+ \Sigma^-, \pi^0 \Sigma^0, \pi^- \Sigma^+, \pi^0 \Lambda$

-  $\omega_i$  : weight of source channel  $i$  relative to  $K^-p$



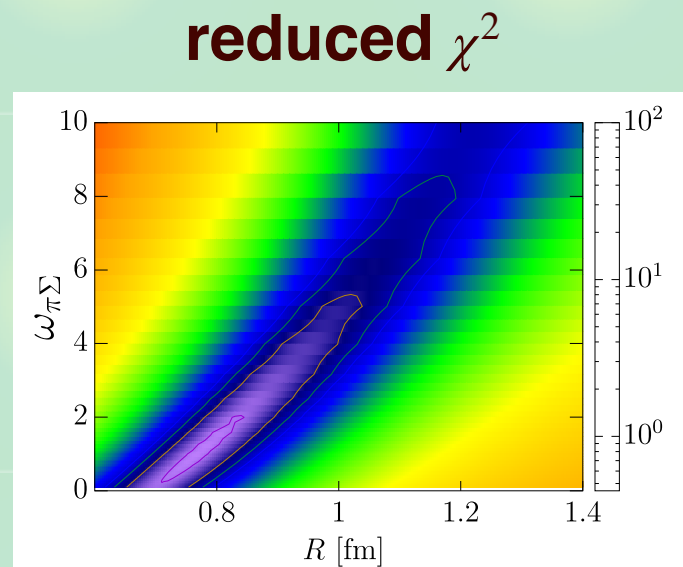
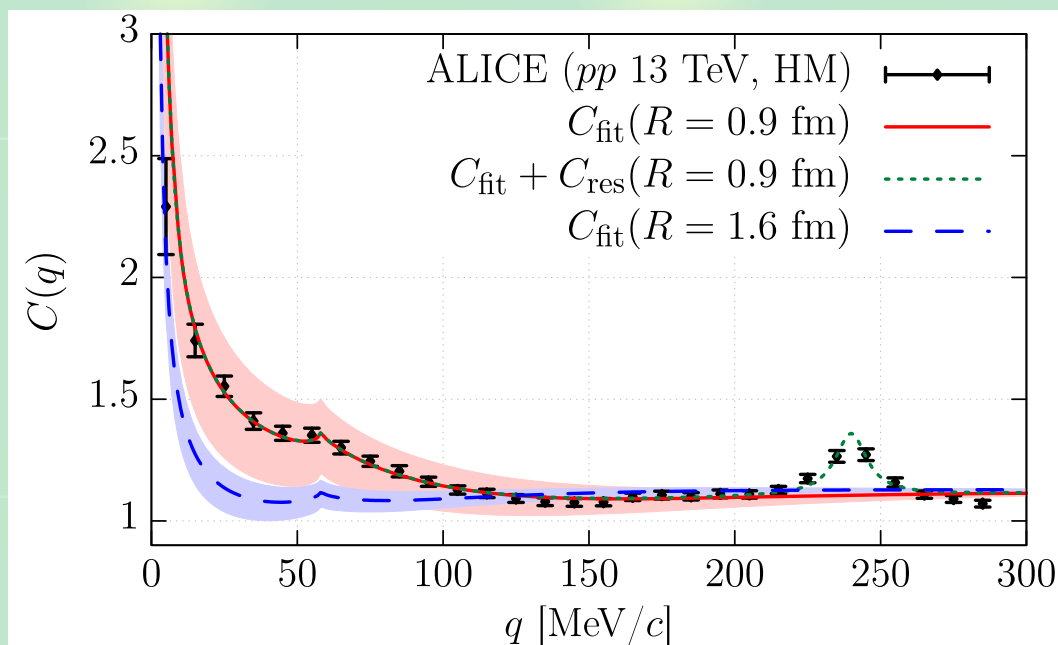
**Coupled-channel effect is enhanced for small sources**

# Correlation from chiral SU(3) dynamics

Wave function  $\Psi_{i,q}^{(-)}(r)$  : Kyoto  $\bar{K}N-\pi\Sigma-\pi\Lambda$  potential

K. Miyahara, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PRC98, 025201 (2018)

- Source function  $S(r)$  : Gaussian,  $R \sim 1$  fm from  $K^+p$  data
- Source weight  $\omega_{\pi\Sigma} \sim 2$  by simple statistical model estimate



Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, PRL124, 132501 (2020)

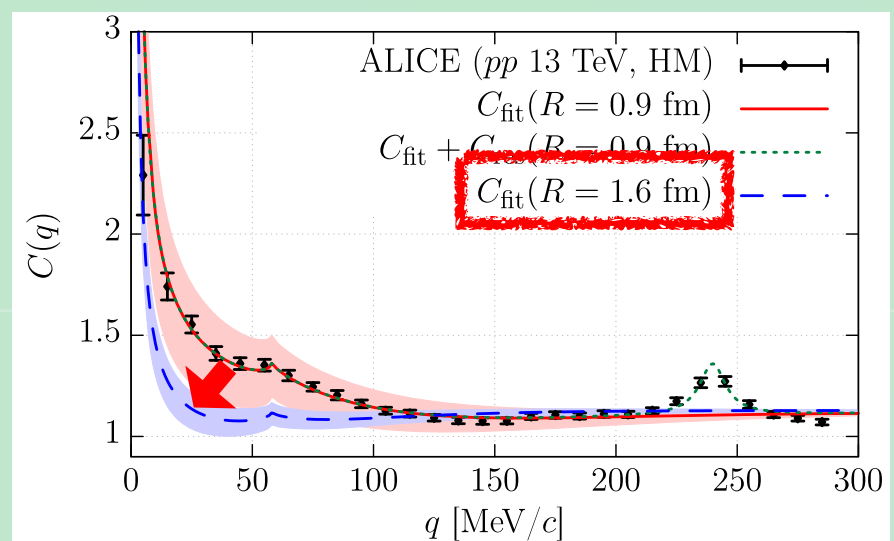
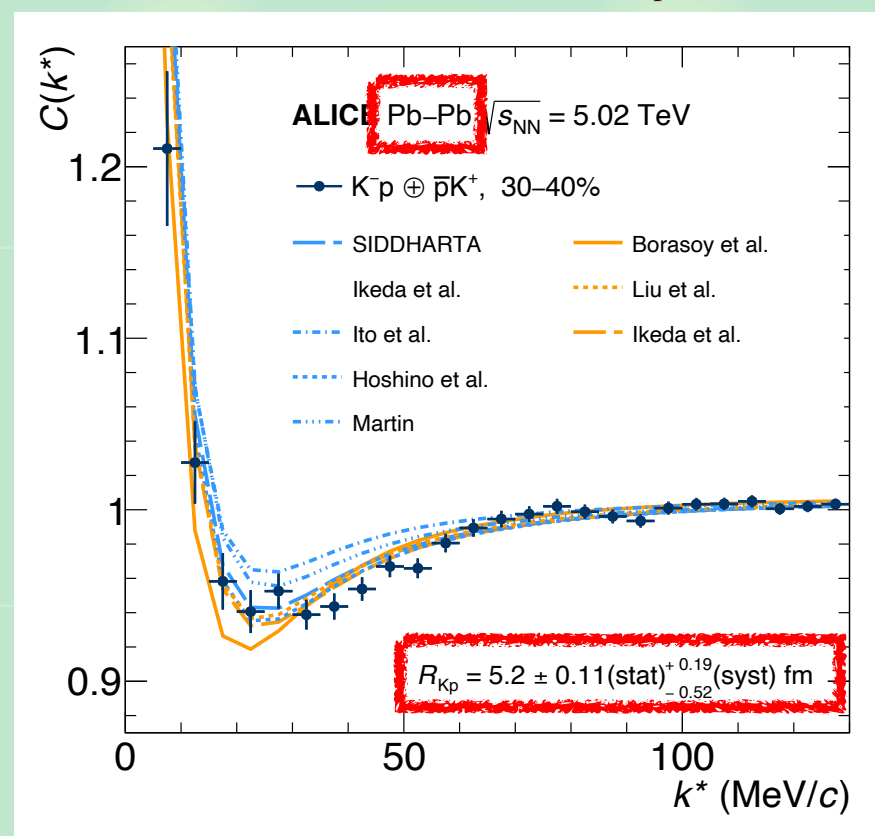
Correlation function by ALICE is **well reproduced**

# Source size dependence

## New data with Pb-Pb collisions at 5.02 TeV

ALICE collaboration, PLB 822, 136708 (2021)

- Scattering length  $a_{K^-p} = -0.91 + 0.92i$  fm



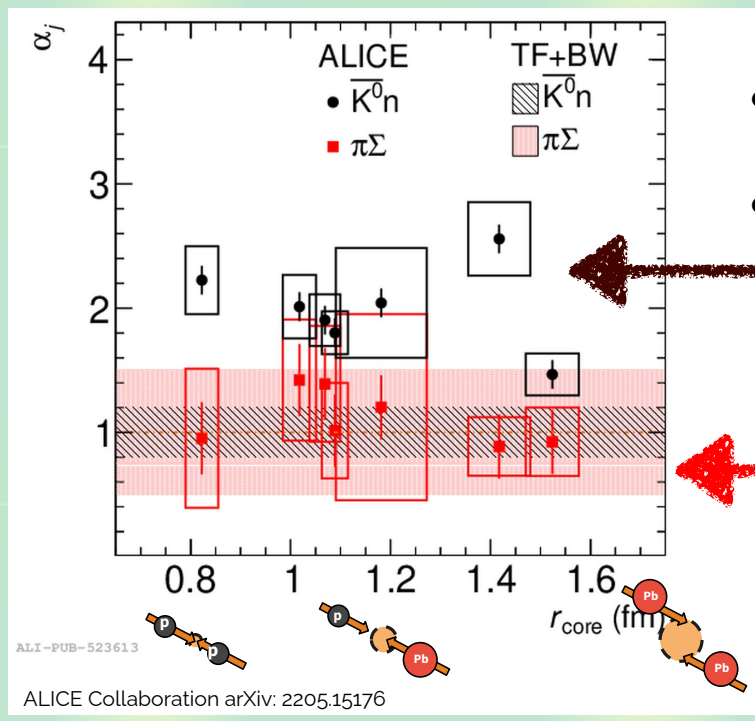
Correlation is suppressed at larger  $R$ , as predicted

# Systematic study of source size dependence

Correlations in  $pp$ ,  $p$ -Pb, Pb-Pb by Kyoto  $\bar{K}N$ - $\pi\Sigma$ - $\pi\Lambda$  potential

ALICE collaboration, EPJC 83, 340 (2023)

$$C_{K^-p}(q) \simeq \int d^3r S_{K^-p}(r) |\Psi_{K^-p,q}^{(-)}(r)|^2 + \sum_{i \neq K^-p} \omega_i \int d^3r S_i(r) |\Psi_{i,q}^{(-)}(r)|^2$$



enhancement needed to explain data

Expected weight  $\omega_i$  by Thermal Fist + Blast Wave

More strength is needed in the  $\bar{K}^0n$  channel

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[Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, PRL124, 132501 \(2020\)](#)

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[Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 \(2022\)](#)

 Femtoscopy for hypernuclei

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[A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation](#)

 Summary

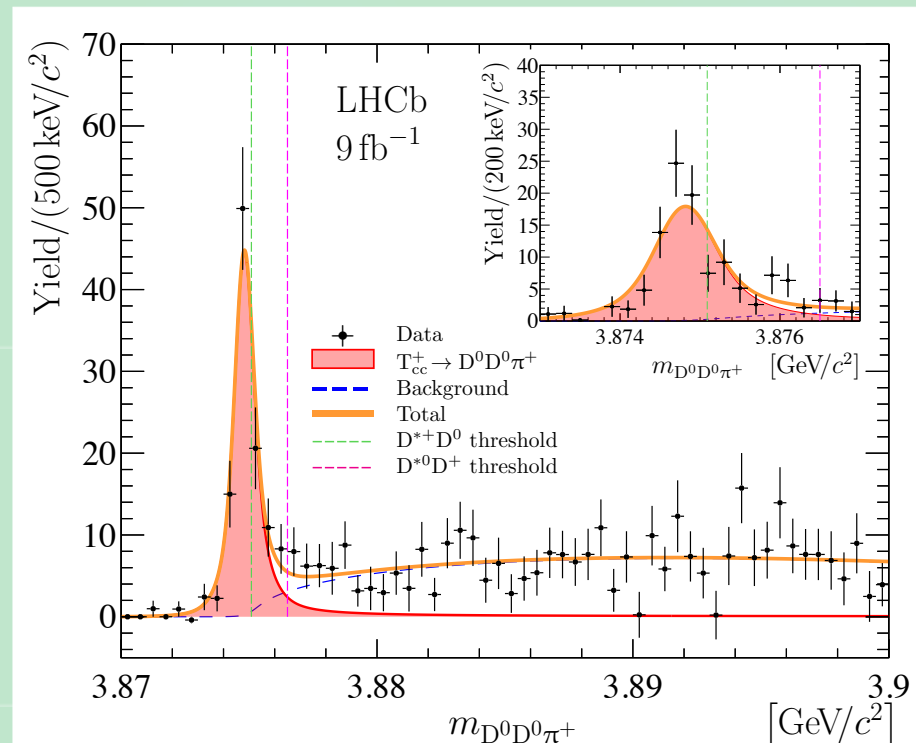
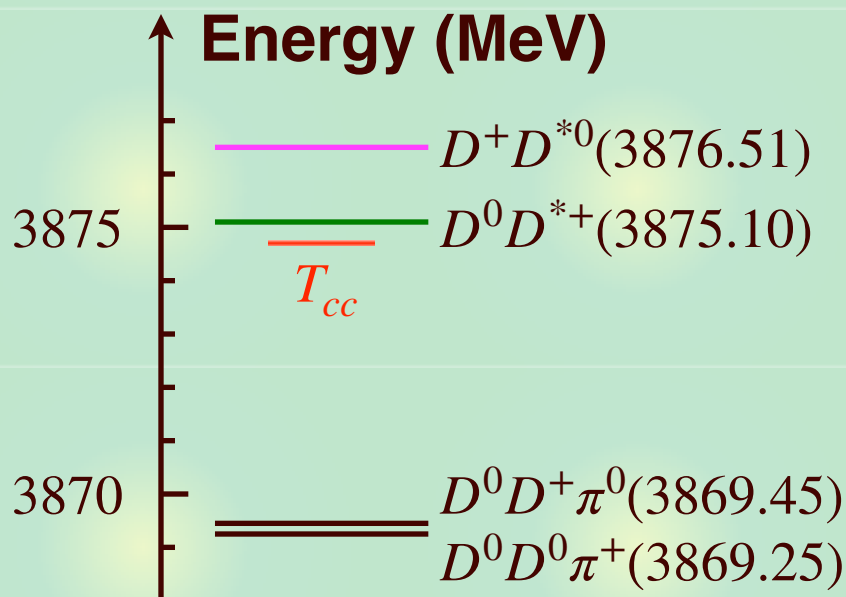


# Observation of $T_{cc}$

$T_{cc}$  observed in  $D^0D^0\pi^+$  spectrum

LHCb collaboration, Nature Phys., 18, 751 (2022); Nature Comm., 13, 3351 (2022)

- Signal near  $DD^*$  threshold
- Charm  $C = +2$  :  $\sim cc\bar{u}\bar{d}$
- Level structure

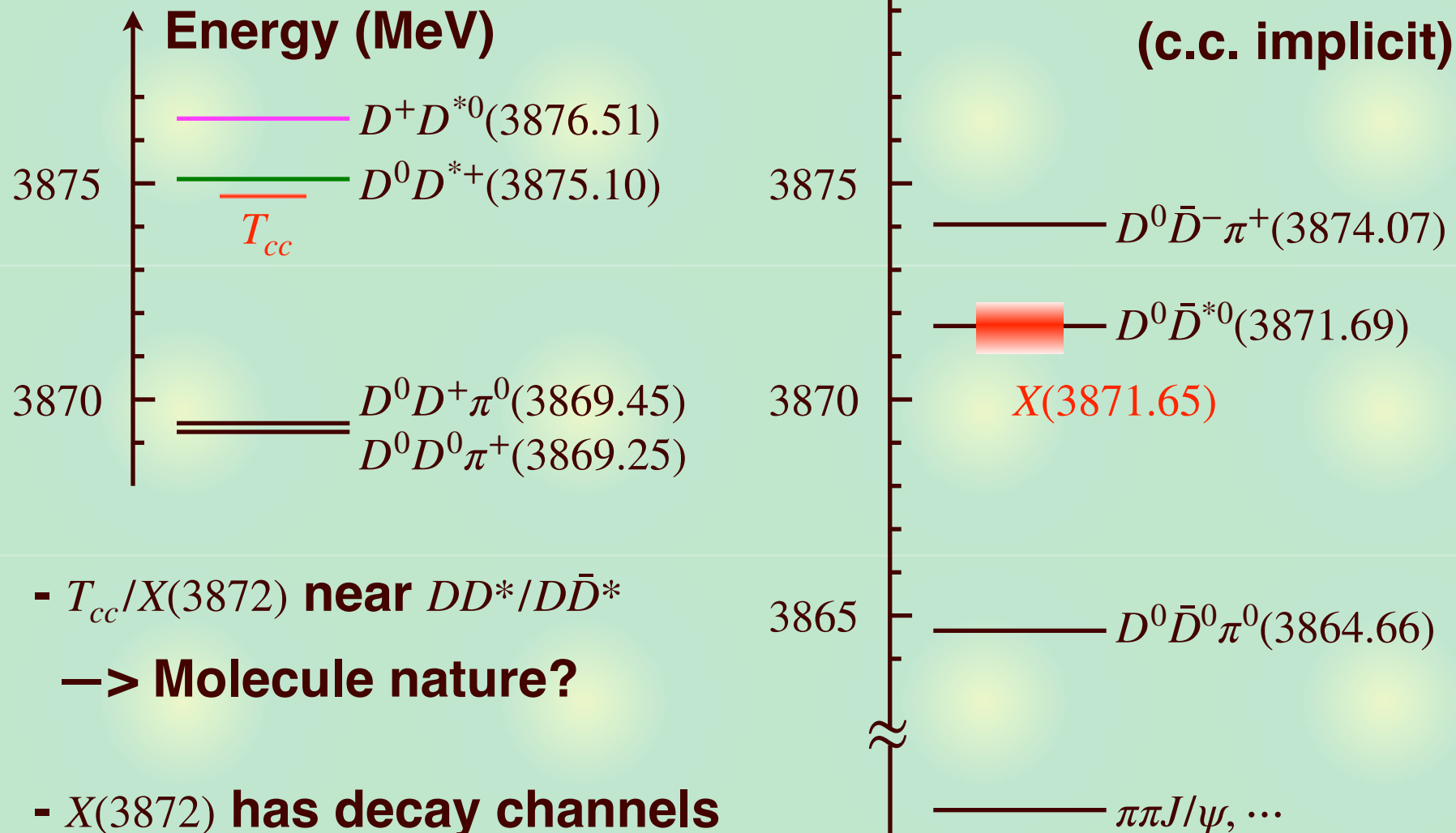


- Very small (few MeV ~ keV) energy scale involved

# $T_{cc}$ and $X(3872)$

$X(3872)$  : another near-threshold state with  $M_{T_{cc}} \sim M_{X(3872)}$

## - Masses from PDG Live



## $DD^*, D\bar{D}^*$ potentials

### Coupled-channel potentials

$$V_{DD^*/D\bar{D}^*} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} V_{I=1} + V_{I=0} & V_{I=1} - V_{I=0} \\ V_{I=1} - V_{I=0} & V_{I=1} + V_{I=0} + V_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} D^0 D^{*+} / \{D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}\} \\ D^+ D^{*0} / \{D^+ D^{*-}\} \end{matrix}$$

↑ **Coulomb for  $\{D^+ D^{*-}\}$**

-  $I = 0$  : **one-range gaussian potentials,  $I = 1$  neglected**

$$V_{I=0} = V_0 \exp\{-m_\pi^2 r^2\}, \quad V_{I=1} = 0$$

↑ **range by  $\pi$  exchange**

$V_0 \in \mathbb{C}$  ← **scattering lengths (molecule picture)**

-  $T_{cc}$  :  $a_0^{D^0 D^{*+}} = -7.16 + i1.85$  fm (**LHCb analysis**)

**LHCb collaboration, Nature Comm., 13, 3351 (2022)**

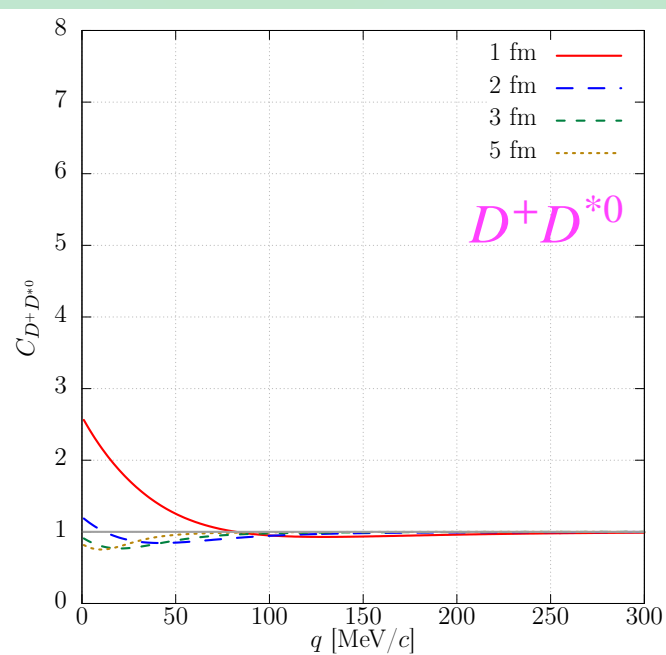
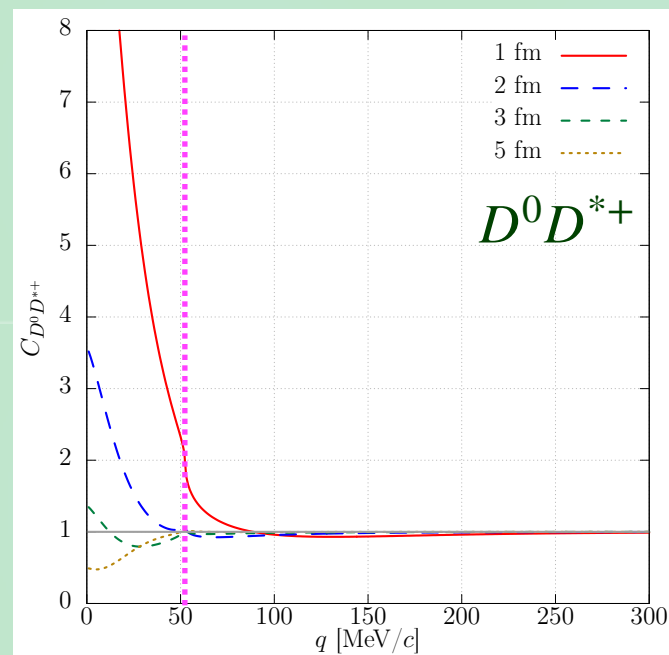
-  $X(3872)$  :  $a_0^{D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}} = -4.23 + i3.95$  fm ( $a_0 = -i/\sqrt{2\mu E_h}$  **with PDG  $E_h$** )

$DD^* \sim T_{cc}$  sector

$D^0D^{*+}$  and  $D^+D^{*0}$  correlation functions ( $cc\bar{u}\bar{d}$ , exotic)

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)

$D^+D^{*0}$   
 $D^0D^{*+}$   
 $T_{cc}$



- Bound state feature (source size dep.) in both channels
- Strong signal in  $D^0D^{*+}$ , weaker one in  $D^+D^{*0}$
- $D^+D^{*0}$  cusp in  $D^0D^{*+}$  ( $q \sim 52$  MeV) is not very prominent

$D\bar{D}^* \sim X(3872)$  sector

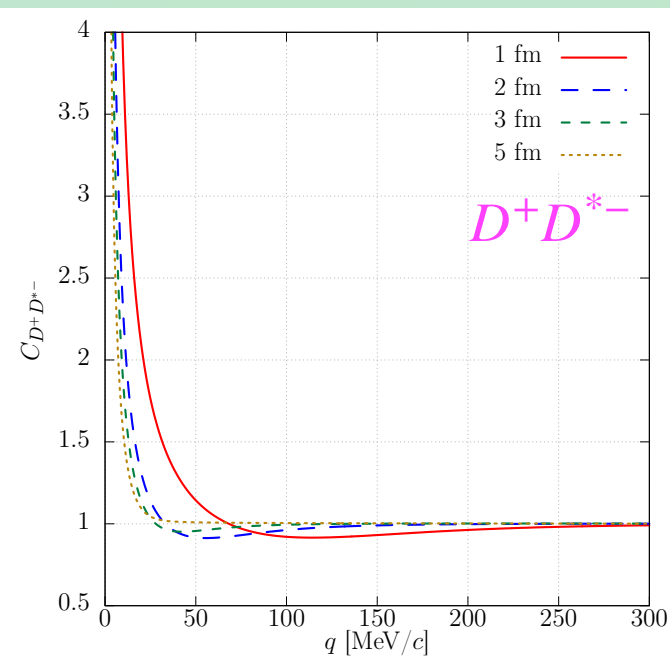
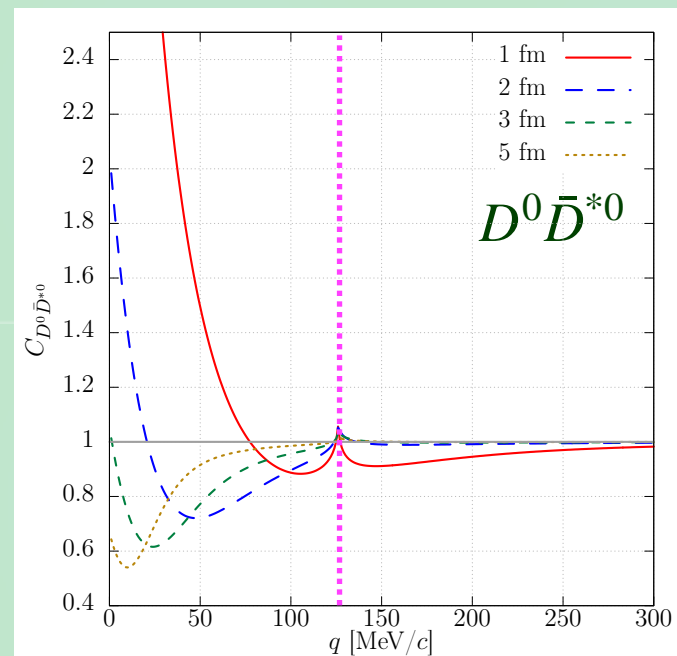
$D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$  and  $D^+D^{*-}$  correlation functions ( $c\bar{c}q\bar{q}$ )

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)

$D^+D^{*-}$


$D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$


$X(3872)$



- Bound state feature in  $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$  correlation
- Sizable  $D^+D^{*-}$  cusp in  $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$  ( $q \sim 126$  MeV)
- $D^+D^{*-}$  correlation : Coulomb attraction dominance

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[A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation](#)

 Summary

# Motivation

## Hyperon puzzle in neutron stars

- $\Lambda NN$  **three-body force** for repulsion at high density

D. Gerstung, N. Kaiser, W. Weise, EPJA 55, 175 (2020)

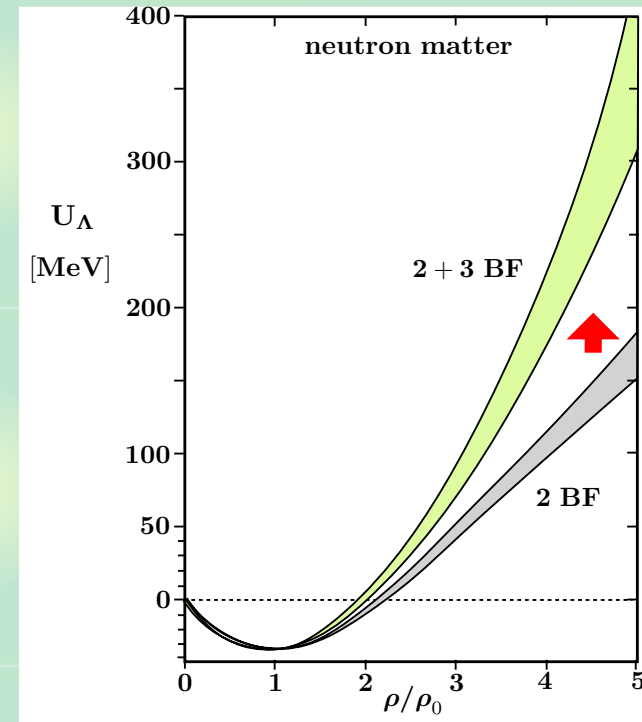
## How to verify this in experiments?

- $\Lambda$  **directed flow** in heavy ion collisions

Y. Nara, A. Jinno, K. Murase, A. Ohnishi,  
PRC 106, 044902 (2022)

## $\Lambda$ -nucleus correlation function?

- Heavy nuclei are difficult to produce
- Strong binding of  $\alpha$   $\rightarrow$  high central density  $\gtrsim 2\rho_0$



Repulsion at high density by  $\Lambda\alpha$  **correlation function?**

# $\Lambda\alpha$ potentials

## Skyrme-Hartree Fock methods for $\Lambda$ hypernuclei

### - LY4 : empirical potential

D.E. Lanskoy, Y. Yamamoto, PRC 55, 2330 (1997)

### - Chi3 : based on chiral EFT with $\Lambda NN$ force

A. Jinno, K. Murase, Y. Nara, A. Ohnishi, in preparation

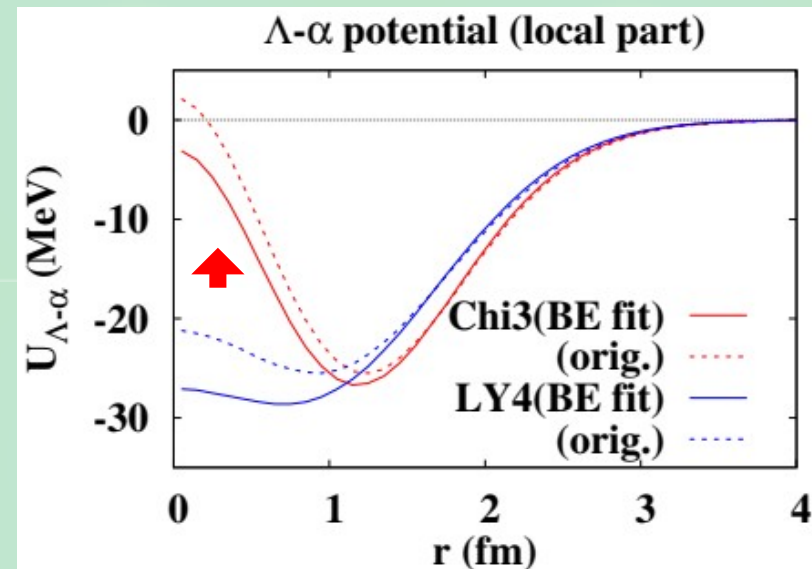
### - Both potentials reproduce hypernuclear data from C to Pb

## $\Lambda\alpha$ potentials

### - overestimate ${}^5_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ binding energy —> adjustment of parameters

### - LY4 : Woods-Saxon like

### - Chi3 : central **repulsion**

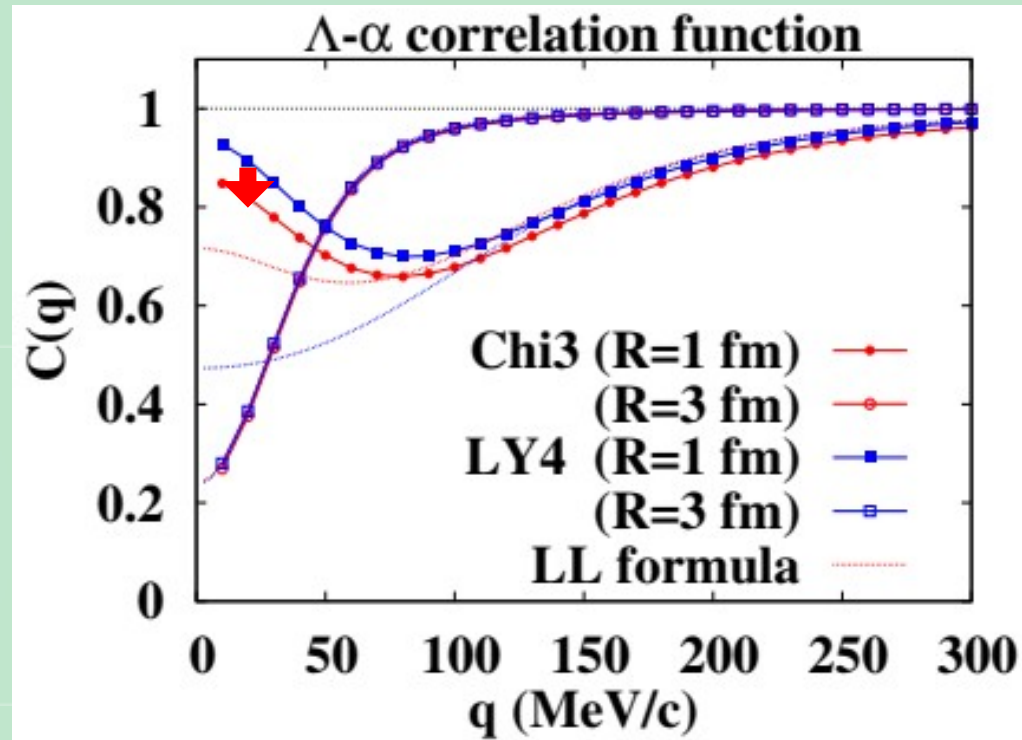




# $\Lambda\alpha$ correlation functions


## Results of correlation function


A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation



- Bound state signature (dip at small  $q$ )
- Central repulsion: **slightly stronger** correlation for  $R = 1$  fm
- Int. range  $\sim$  a few fm  $\rightarrow$  LL does not work for  $R = 1$  fm


# Summary

 **Femtoscscopy: novel and useful method to study interactions of exotic hadrons and nuclei**

  **$K^-p$  correlations**

**- precise test for  $\Lambda(1405)$  and  $\bar{K}N$  interactions**

[Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise. PRL124, 132501 \(2020\)](#)

  **$DD^*$  and  $D\bar{D}^*$  correlations**

**- (quasi-)bound nature of  $T_{cc}$  and  $X(3872)$**

[Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 \(2022\)](#)

  **$\Lambda\alpha$  correlations**

**- possible hint for in-medium  $\Lambda$  interaction**

[A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation](#)