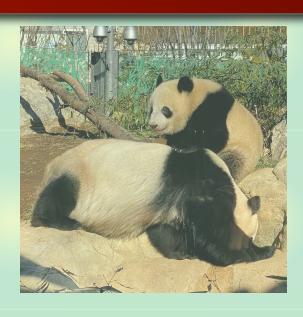
# Femtoscopy for exotic hadrons and nuclei





**Tetsuo Hyodo** 

Tokyo Metropolitan Univ.

## **Contents**



## Introduction — Femtoscopy primer



# **Correlation functions for exotic hadrons**

-  $K^-p$  correlations for  $\Lambda(1405)$ 

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise. PRL124, 132501 (2020)

-  $DD^*$  and  $D\bar{D}^*$  correlations for  $T_{cc}$  and X(3872)

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



# Correlation functions for hypernuclei

-  $\Lambda \alpha$ ,  $\Xi \alpha$  correlations

A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation;

Y. Kamiya, A. Jinno, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation



## **Summary**

Introduction — Femtoscopy primer

## In memory of Akira Ohnishi



Sep. 13, 2019, after FemTUM19 workshop @ München

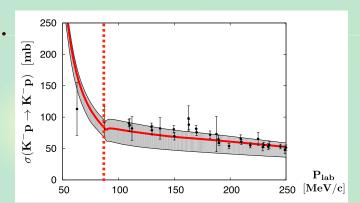
Introduction — Femtoscopy primer

## **Experimental data for hadron interactions**

#### **Traditional methods: scattering experiments**

- limited channels : NN, YN,  $\pi N$ , KN,  $\bar{K}N$ , ...
- limited statistics (low-energy)
- heavy hadron: impossible

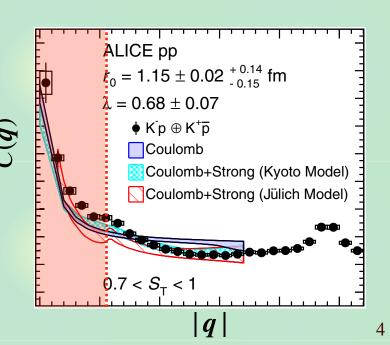
Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011)



#### **Correlation functions**

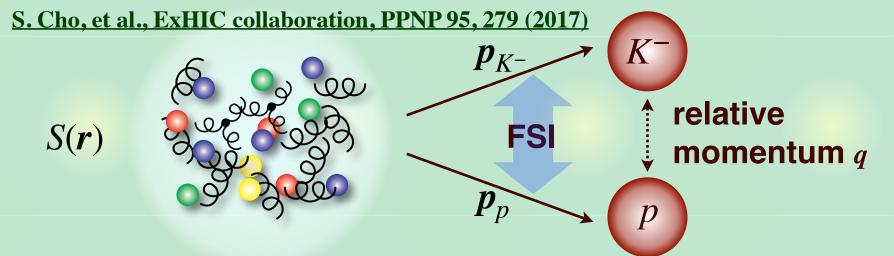
**ALICE collaboration, PRL 124, 092301 (2020)** 

- Excellent precision ( $\bar{K}^0n$  cusp)
- Low-energy data below  $\bar{K}^0 n$
- heavy hadron : possible!



## Correlation function and hadron interaction

#### High-energy collision: chaotic source S(r) of hadron emission



#### - Definition

$$C(q) = \frac{N_{K^-p}(p_{K^-}, p_p)}{N_{K^-}(p_{K^-})N_p(p_p)}$$
 (= 1 in the absence of FSI/QS)

#### - Theory (Koonin-Pratt formula)

S.E. Koonin PLB 70, 43 (1977); S. Pratt, PRD 33, 1314 (1986)

$$C(\boldsymbol{q}) \simeq \int d^3 \boldsymbol{r} \, S(\boldsymbol{r}) \left| \Psi_{\boldsymbol{q}}^{(-)}(\boldsymbol{r}) \right|^2$$

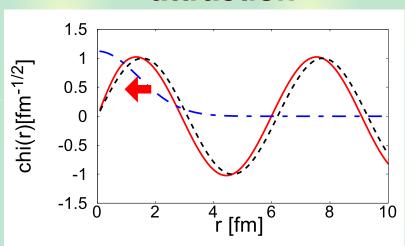
Source function S(r) < -> wave function  $\Psi_q^{(-)}(r)$  (FSI)

## **Wave functions and correlations**

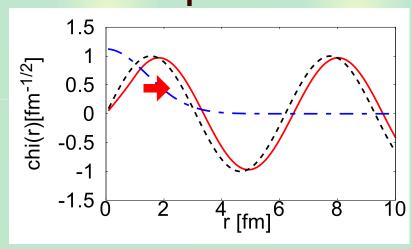
#### **Qualitative behavior**

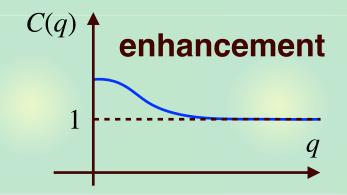
$$C(q) \simeq \int_0^\infty dr \, S(r) |\chi_q(r)|^2$$

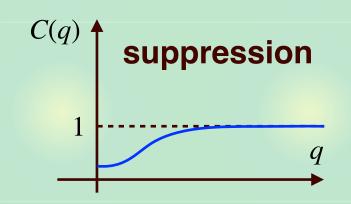
#### attraction



#### repulsion







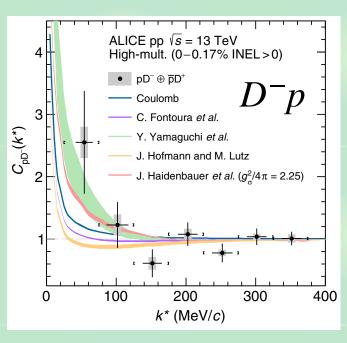
Introduction — Femtoscopy primer

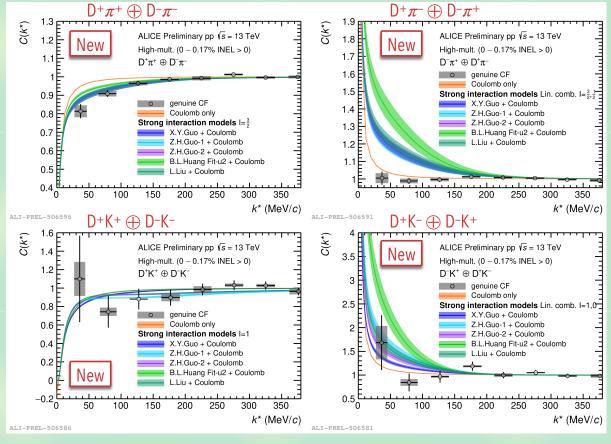
## **Experimental data in charm sector**

#### **Observed correlation functions with charm:** $DN, D\pi, DK$

**ALICE collaboration, PRD 106, 052010 (2022);** 

Talk by F. Grosa @ Quark Matter 2022

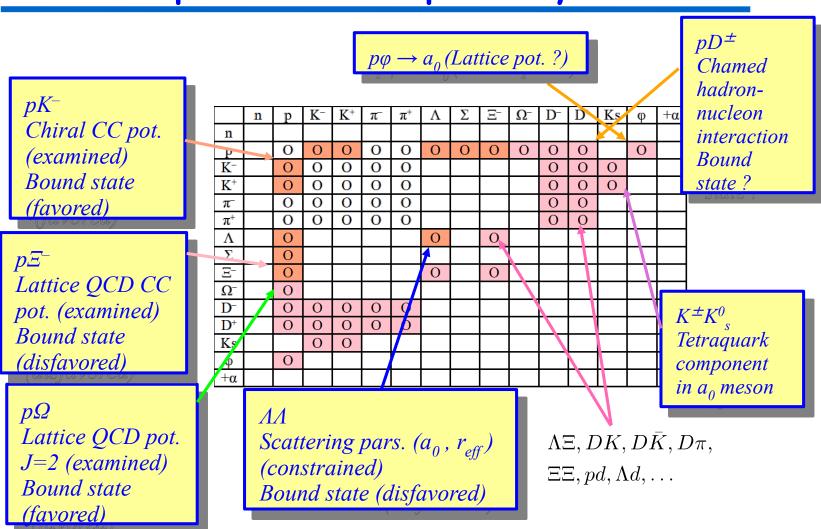




One charm meson is possible (still low statistics)

## **Summary by A. Ohnishi**

## Scope of Femtoscopic study of HHI





## **Contents**



## Introduction — Femtoscopy primer



# **Correlation functions for exotic hadrons**

-  $K^-p$  correlations for  $\Lambda(1405)$ 

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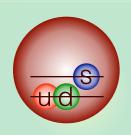


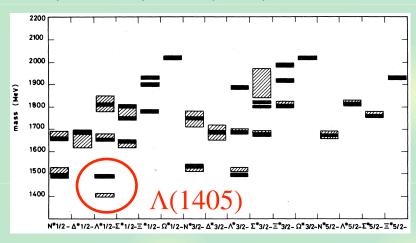
# **Summary**

## $\Lambda(1405)$ and $\bar{K}N$ scattering

#### $\Lambda(1405)$ does not fit in standard picture —> exotic candidate

N. Isgur and G. Karl, PRD18, 4187 (1978)



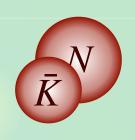


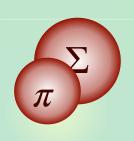
: theory

: experiment

#### Resonance in coupled-channel scattering

- Coupling to MB states







-> Chiral SU(3) dynamics

## Pole positions are determined

#### 2020 update of PDG

Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011); NPA 881, 98 (2012); ▲

Z.H. Guo, J.A. Oller, PRC87, 035202 (2013); ×

M. Mai, U.G. Meißner, EPJA51, 30 (2015) ■ ○

- Particle Listing section:

Citation: P.A. Zyla et al. (Particle Data Group), Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2020, 083C01 (2020)

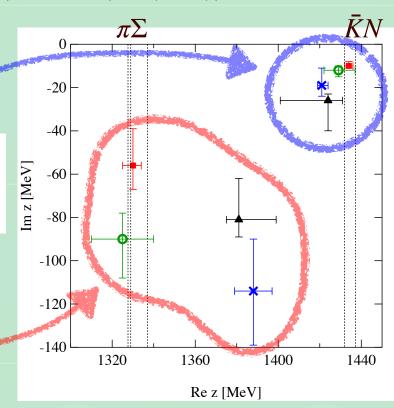
$$I(J^P) = O(\frac{1}{2})$$
 Status: \*\*\*

Citation: P.A. Zyla et al. (Particle Data Group), Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2020, 083C01 (2020)

 $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$ 

Status: \*\*

w l



T. Hyodo, M. Niiyama, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 120, 103868 (2021)

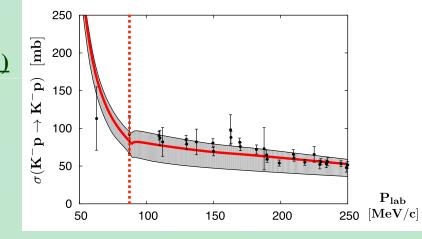
- "∧(1405)" is no longer at 1405 MeV but ~ 1420 MeV.
- Lower pole : two-star resonance  $\Lambda(1380)$

## **Experimental data of** $K^-p$ **correlation**

#### K-p total cross sections

Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PLB 706, 63 (2011)

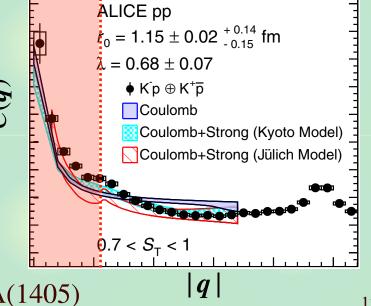
- Old bubble chamber data
- Resolution is not good
- Threshold cusp is not visible



#### $K^-p$ correlation function

**ALICE collaboration, PRL 124, 092301 (2020)** 

- Excellent precision ( $\bar{K}^0n$  cusp)
- Low-energy data below  $\bar{K}^0 n$



-> Important constraint on  $\bar{K}N$  and  $\Lambda(1405)$ 

## Coupled-channel effects

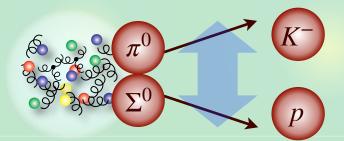
#### Schrödinger equation (s-wave)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\nabla^2}{2\mu_1} + V_{11}(r) + V_{\mathbf{C}}(r) & V_{12}(r) & \cdots \\ V_{21}(r) & -\frac{\nabla^2}{2\mu_2} + V_{22}(r) + \Delta_2 & \cdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0n}(r) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = E \begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0n}(r) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$
 Coulomb threshold energy difference

#### Asymptotic $(r \to \infty)$ wave function

$$\begin{pmatrix} \psi_{K^-p}(r) \\ \psi_{\bar{K}^0n}(r) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \propto \begin{pmatrix} \#e^{-iqr} + \#e^{iqr} \\ \#e^{-iq_2r} + \#e^{iq_2r} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{incoming + outgoing}$$

- Transition from  $\bar{K}^0 n, \pi^+ \Sigma^-, \pi^0 \Sigma^0, \pi^- \Sigma^+, \pi^0 \Lambda$  is in  $\psi_i(r)$  with  $i \neq K^- p$ 



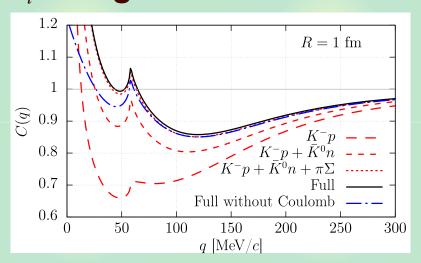
## Coupled-channel correlation function

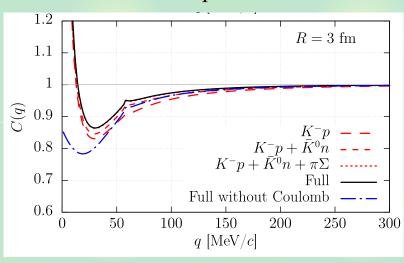
#### **Coupled-channel Koonin-Pratt formula**

- R. Lednicky, V.V. Lyuboshitz, V.L. Lyuboshitz, Phys. Atom. Nucl. 61, 2950 (1998);
- J. Haidenbauer, NPA 981, 1 (2019);
- Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, PRL124, 132501 (2020)

$$C_{K^{-p}}(\mathbf{q}) \simeq \int d^3 \mathbf{r} \, S_{K^{-p}}(\mathbf{r}) |\Psi_{K^{-p},\mathbf{q}}^{(-)}(\mathbf{r})|^2 + \sum_{i \neq K^{-p}} \omega_i \int d^3 \mathbf{r} \, S_i(\mathbf{r}) |\Psi_{i,\mathbf{q}}^{(-)}(\mathbf{r})|^2$$

- Transition from  $\bar{K}^0 n, \pi^+ \Sigma^-, \pi^0 \Sigma^0, \pi^- \Sigma^+, \pi^0 \Lambda$
- $\omega_i$ : weight of source channel i relative to  $K^-p$





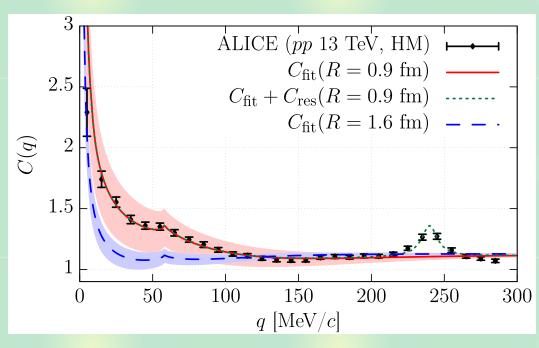
#### Coupled-channel effect is enhanced for small sources

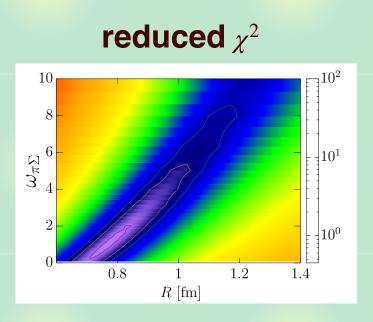
## **Correlation from chiral SU(3) dynamics**

Wave function  $\Psi_{i,q}^{(-)}(r)$ : coupled-channel  $\bar{K}N$ - $\pi\Sigma$ - $\pi\Lambda$  potential

K. Miyahara, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, PRC98, 025201 (2018)

- Source function S(r): Gaussian,  $R \sim 1$  fm in  $K^+p$  data
- Source weight  $\omega_{\pi\Sigma} \sim 2$  by simple statistical model estimate





Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise, PRL124, 132501 (2020)

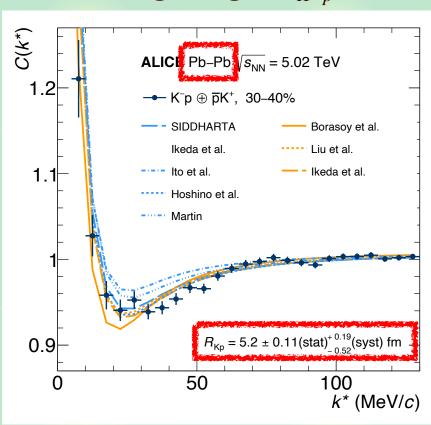
Correlation function by ALICE is well reproduced

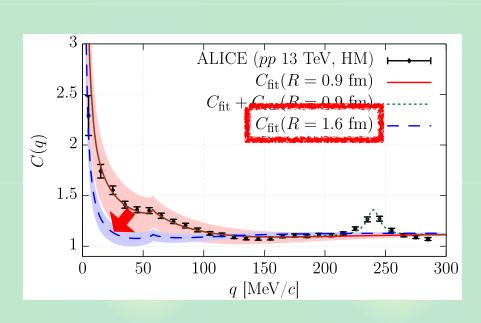
## Source size dependence

#### New data with Pb-Pb collisions at 5.02 TeV

**ALICE collaboration, PLB 822, 136708 (2021)** 

- Scattering length  $a_{K^{-}p} = -0.91 + 0.92i$  fm





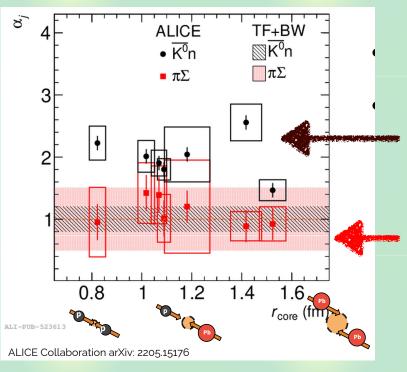
#### Correlation is suppressed at larger R, as predicted

## Systematic study of source size dependence

#### Correlations in pp, p-Pb, Pb-Pb by Kyoto $\bar{K}N$ - $\pi\Sigma$ - $\pi\Lambda$ potential

ALICE collaboration, EPJC 83, 340 (2023)

$$C_{K^{-}p}(\boldsymbol{q}) \simeq \int d^3 \boldsymbol{r} \, S_{K^{-}p}(\boldsymbol{r}) \, |\Psi_{K^{-}p,\boldsymbol{q}}^{(-)}(\boldsymbol{r})|^2 + \sum_{i \neq K^{-}p} \omega_i \int d^3 \boldsymbol{r} \, S_i(\boldsymbol{r}) \, |\Psi_{i,\boldsymbol{q}}^{(-)}(\boldsymbol{r})|^2$$



enhancement needed to explain data

Expected weight  $\omega_i$  by Thermal Fist + Blast Wave

More strength is needed in the  $\bar{K}^0n$  channel

## **Contents**



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Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



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A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation;

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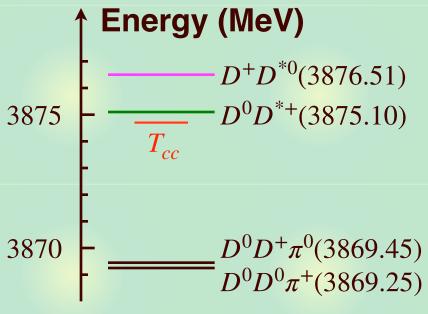
## **Summary**

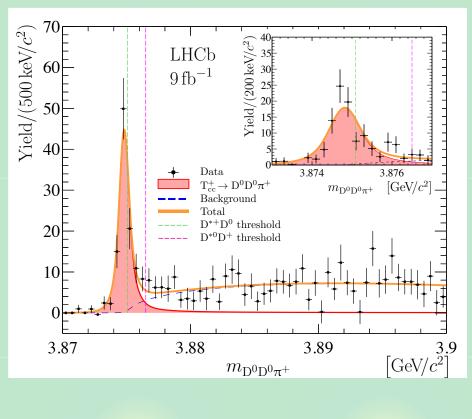
# Observation of $T_{cc}$

## $T_{cc}$ observed in $D^0D^0\pi^+$ spectrum

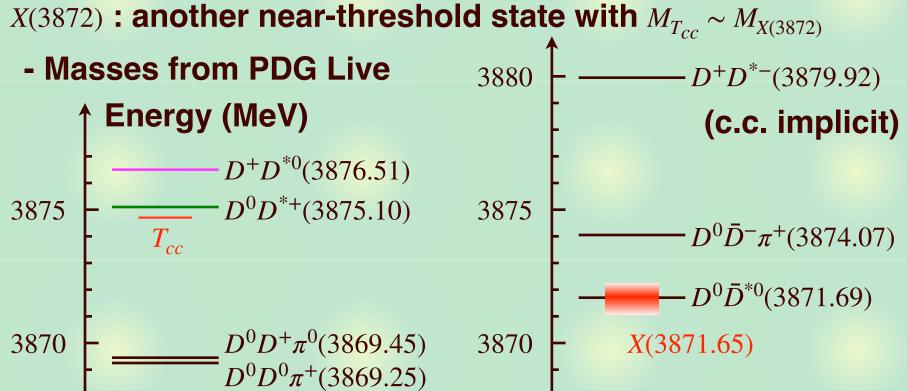
LHCb collaboration, Nature Phys., 18, 751 (2022); Nature Comm., 13, 3351 (2022)

- Signal near DD\* threshold
- Charm  $C = +2 : \sim cc\bar{u}\bar{d}$
- Level structure





- Very small (few MeV ~ keV) energy scale involved



3865

- $T_{cc}/X(3872)$  near  $DD^*/D\bar{D}^*$ 
  - -> Molecule nature?
- X(3872) has decay channels

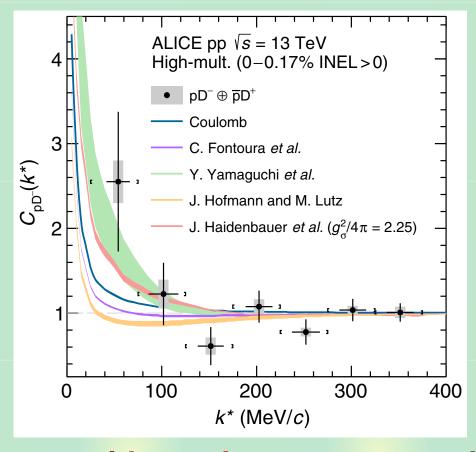
 $\pi\pi J/\psi, \cdots$  20

 $-D^0\bar{D}^0\pi^0(3864.66)$ 

## Measurement of $D^-p$ correlation

#### First measurement of correlation involving charm

**ALICE collaboration, PRD 106, 052010 (2022)** 



Favors bound state with exotic quantum number  $D^-p \sim \bar{c}duud$ 

Correlation function with charm can be measured

# $DD^*, D\bar{D}^*$ potentials

## **Coupled-channel potentials**

$$V_{DD^*/D\bar{D}^*} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} V_{I=1} + V_{I=0} & V_{I=1} - V_{I=0} \\ V_{I=1} - V_{I=0} & V_{I=1} + V_{I=0} + V_c \end{pmatrix} \frac{D^0 D^{*+}/\{D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}\}}{D^+ D^{*0}/\{D^+ D^{*-}\}}$$

$$\uparrow \textbf{Coulomb for } \{D^+ D^{*-}\}$$

- I = 0: one-range gaussian potentials, I = 1 neglected

$$V_{I=0} = V_0 \exp\{-m_{\pi}^2 r^2\}, \quad V_{I=1} = 0$$

\(\gamma \text{range by } \pi \text{ exchange}

## $V_0 \in \mathbb{C} \leftarrow$ scattering lengths (molecule picture)

-  $T_{cc}$ :  $a_0^{D^0D^{*+}} = -7.16 + i1.85$  fm (LHCb analysis)

LHCb collaboration, Nature Comm., 13, 3351 (2022)

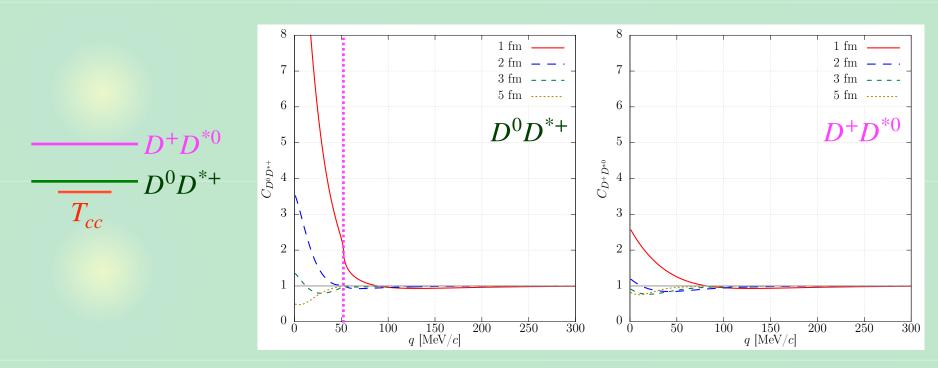
- X(3872):  $a_0^{D^0\bar{D}^{*0}} = -4.23 + i3.95$  fm  $(a_0 = -i/\sqrt{2\mu E_h})$  with PDG  $E_h$ )

 $DD^*$  and  $D\bar{D}^*$  correlations for  $T_{cc}$  for X(3872)

## $DD^* \sim T_{cc}$ sector

#### $D^0D^{*+}$ and $D^+D^{*0}$ correlation functions ( $cc\bar{u}\bar{d}$ , exotic)

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



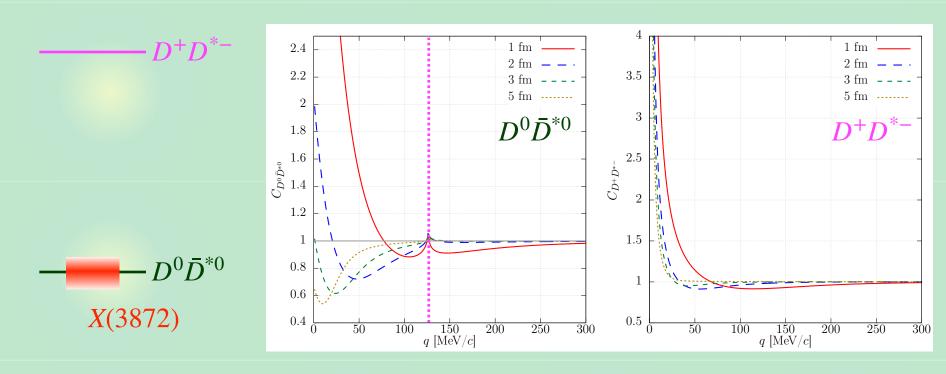
- Bound state feature (source size dep.) in both channels
- Strong signal in  $D^0D^{*+}$ , weaker one in  $D^+D^{*0}$
- $D^+D^{*0}$  cusp in  $D^0D^{*+}$  ( $q \sim 52 \text{ MeV}$ ) is not very prominent

 $DD^*$  and  $D\bar{D}^*$  correlations for  $T_{cc}$  for X(3872)

## $D\bar{D}^* \sim X(3872)$ sector

## $D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$ and $D^+ \bar{D}^{*-}$ correlation functions ( $c\bar{c}q\bar{q}$ )

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



- Bound state feature in  $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$  correlation
- Sizable  $D^+D^{*-}$  cusp in  $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$  ( $q\sim 126~{
  m MeV}$ )
  - D+D\*- correlation: Coulomb attraction dominance

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A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation;

Y. Kamiya, A. Jinno, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation



## **Summary**

## **Motivation**

#### Hyperon puzzle in neutron stars

- ANN three-body force for repulsion at high density

D. Gerstung, N. Kaiser, W. Weise, EPJA 55, 175 (2020)

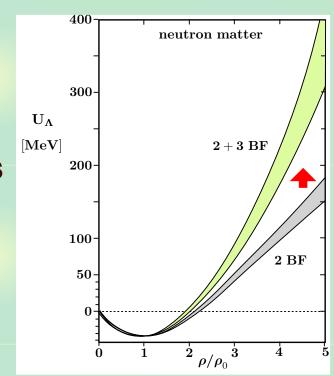
## How to verify this in experiments?

-  $\Lambda$  directed flow in heavy ion collisions

Y. Nara, A. Jinno, K. Murase, A. Ohnishi, PRC 106, 044902 (2022)

#### **∆-nucleus correlation function?**

- Heavy nuclei are difficult to produce
- Strong binding of  $\alpha$  —> high central density  $\geq 2\rho_0$



Possible three-body force in  $\Lambda \alpha$  correlation function

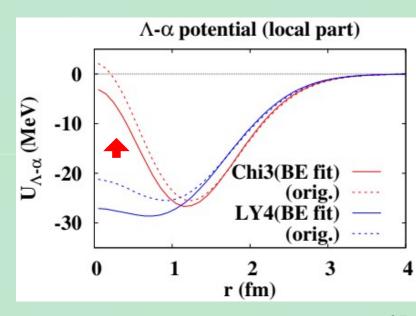
## $\Lambda \alpha$ potentials

#### Skyrme-Hartree Fock potentials for A hypernuclei

- LY4 : empirical potential
  - D.E. Lanskoy, Y. Yamamoto, PRC 55, 2330 (1997)
- Chi3: based on chiral EFT with ANN force
  - A. Jinno, K. Murase, Y. Nara, A. Ohnishi, arXiv:2306.17452 [nucl-th]
- Both reproduce hypernuclear data from C to Pb

#### Λα potentials

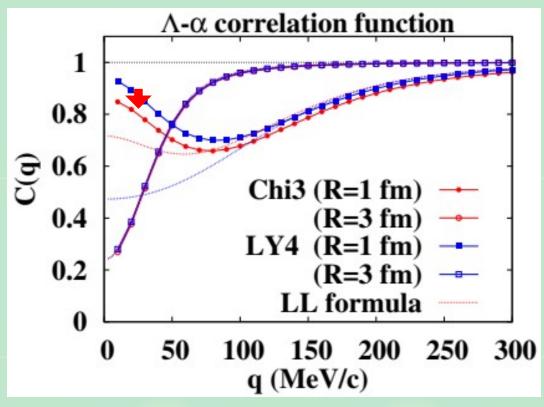
- overestimate  ${}_{\Lambda}^{5}\mathrm{He}$  binding energy
  - —> adjustment of parameters
- LY4: Woods-Saxon like
- Chi3: central repulsion



#### $\Lambda \alpha$ correlation functions

#### Results of correlation function

A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation



- Bound state signature (dip at small q)
- Effect of  $\Lambda NN$  force is not visible for  $R=3~\mathrm{fm}$ , but gives slightly stronger correlation for  $R=1~\mathrm{fm}$

# Summary



Correlation functions are useful to study interactions of exotic hadrons and nuclei.



 $K^{-p}$  correlations

- precise test for  $\Lambda(1405)$  and  $\bar{K}N$  interactions

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, K. Morita, A. Ohnishi, W. Weise. PRL124, 132501 (2020)



DD\* and DD\* correlations

- (quasi-)bound nature of  $T_{cc}$  and X(3872)

Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, EPJA58, 131 (2022)



 $\Lambda \alpha$ ,  $\Xi \alpha$  correlations

- opportunity for hypernuclear physics

A. Jinno, Y. Kamiya, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation;

Y. Kamiya, A. Jinno, T. Hyodo, A. Ohnishi, in preparation