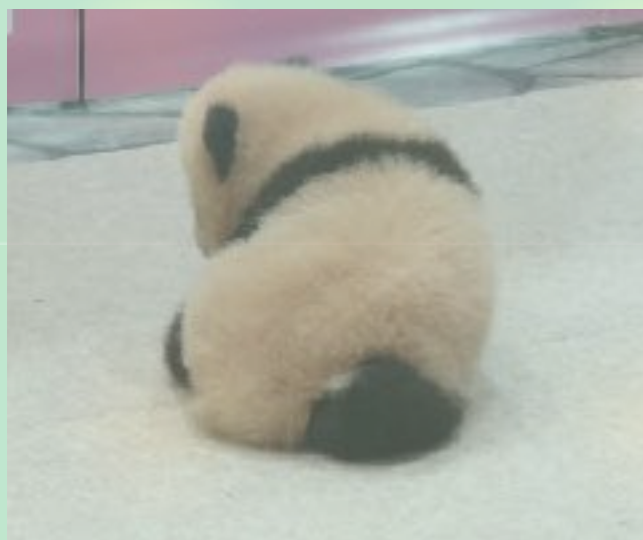


# Exotic doubly charmed $D_{s0}^*(2317)D$ and $D_{s1}^*(2460)D^*$ molecules



**M. Sanchez Sanchez<sup>a</sup>, L.S. Geng<sup>b</sup>, J.X. Lu<sup>b</sup>,  
T. Hyodo<sup>c</sup>, M. Pavon Valderrama<sup>b</sup>**

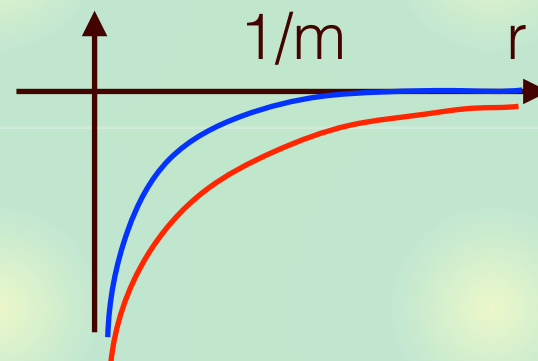
*<sup>a</sup>Univ Paris-Sud, India, <sup>b</sup>Beihang Univ. <sup>c</sup>YITP*

# Long range force in QCD?

## Two-body potential

$$V(r) \propto \frac{1}{r} \quad : \text{long (infinite) range}$$

$$V(r) \propto \frac{e^{-mr}}{r} \quad : \text{finite } (\sim 1/m) \text{ range}$$



Hadron-hadron interaction is considered to be **finite range**.

- Longest interaction range :  $\pi$  exchange  $\sim 1$  fm
- Absence of the long range force is the basis for the (standard) scattering theory, Lüscher/HAL method, etc.

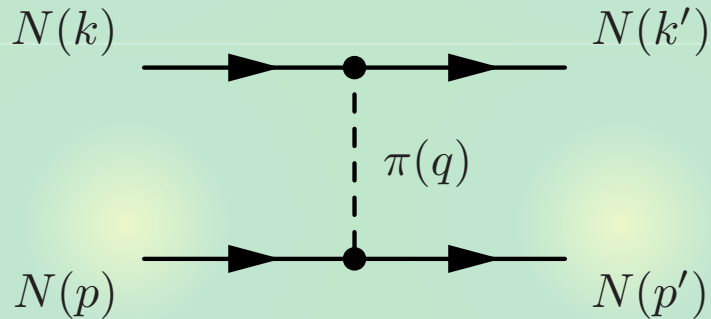
## Emergence of (quasi) **long range** force

L.S. Geng, J. Lu, M.P. Valderrama, arXiv:1704.06123 [hep-ph]

M. Sanchez Sanchez, L.S. Geng, J. Lu, T. Hyodo, M.P. Valderrama,  
arXiv:1707.038202 [hep-ph]

# NN potential

## Low energy NN interaction : $\pi$ exchange



- **Static approx.**  $p^\mu = (M_N, \mathbf{p})$ ,  $p'^\mu = (M_N, \mathbf{p}')$ ,  $q^\mu = p'^\mu - p^\mu = (0, \mathbf{q})$

- **Coupling**  $g\bar{N}i\gamma_5\pi N \sim g\chi^\dagger \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{q}\chi$  **(isospin ignored)**

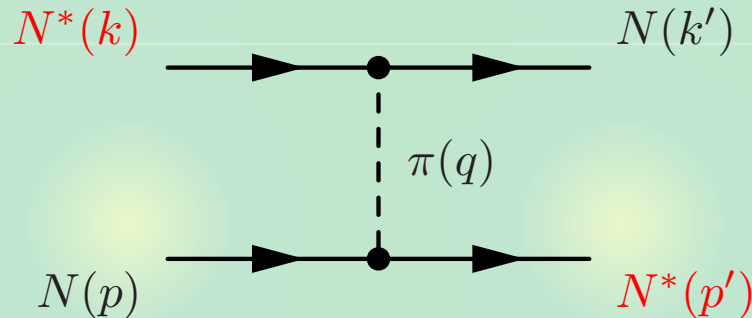
## Potential

$$V(\mathbf{r}) \sim \text{F.T.} \left\{ \underbrace{g^2 (\boldsymbol{\sigma}_1 \cdot \mathbf{q})(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_2 \cdot \mathbf{q})}_{\text{Tensor op.}} \underbrace{\frac{-1}{q^2 + m_\pi^2}}_{\text{Yukawa}} \right\} \frac{1}{(q^0)^2 - \mathbf{q}^2 - m_\pi^2}$$

**Tensor op.** **Yukawa**  $\frac{e^{-m_\pi r}}{r}$

# NN\* potential (exchange)

## Another diagram for NN\*(J<sup>P</sup>=1/2-) interaction



**Mass difference  
= energy transfer**

$$\Delta = M_{N^*} - M_N$$

- **Static approx.**  $p^\mu = (M_N, \mathbf{p})$ ,  $p'^\mu = (M_{N^*}, \mathbf{p}')$ ,  $q^\mu = (\Delta, \mathbf{q})$

- **Coupling**  $\tilde{g} \bar{N}^* \pi N + \text{h.c.} \sim \tilde{g} \chi^\dagger \mathbf{1} \chi$

**Potential (P<sub>σ</sub>: spin exchange factor)**

$$\mu = \sqrt{m_\pi^2 - \Delta^2}$$

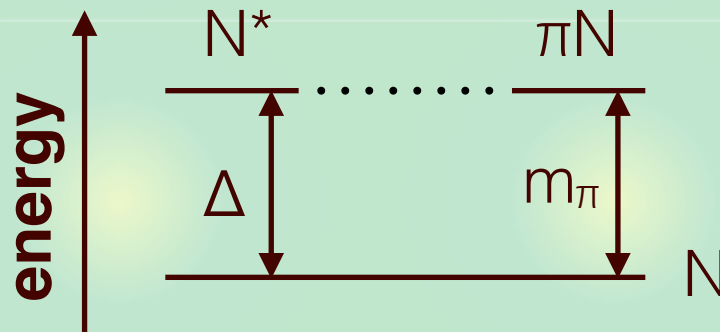
$$V(r) \sim \text{F.T.} \left\{ \tilde{g}^2 \frac{1}{\Delta^2 - \mathbf{q}^2 - m_\pi^2} \right\} P_\sigma = \text{F.T.} \left\{ \tilde{g}^2 \frac{-1}{\mathbf{q}^2 + \mu^2} \right\} P_\sigma \sim \tilde{g}^2 P_\sigma \frac{e^{-\mu r}}{r}$$

- **Sign of V(r) is fixed and attractive (c.f. σ exchange in NN)**

- **Effective mass μ=0 → long range force (Coulomb like)**

# Unitary limit and zero-energy resonance

What does  $\mu = (m_\pi^2 - \Delta^2)^{1/2} = 0$  ( $\Delta = m_\pi$ ) mean?



- $\Delta = m_\pi$  :  $N^*$  lies on top of the  $\pi N$  threshold

**s-wave resonance at threshold : unitary limit of  $\pi N$  system**

- Scattering length diverges  $\rightarrow$  universal physics

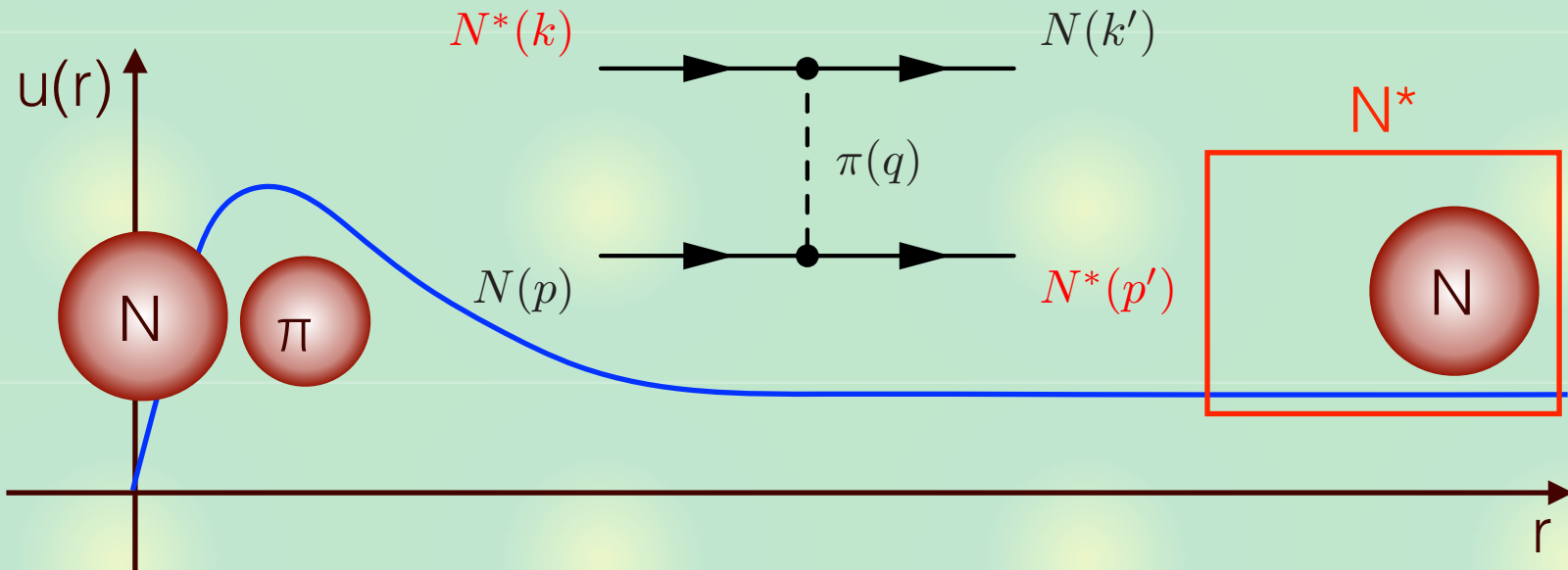
**E. Braaten, H.-W. Hammer, Phys. Rept. 428, 259 (2006)**

- completely composite : w.f. of  $N^*$  spreads to infinity.

**T. Hyodo, Phys. Rev. C 90, 055208 (2014)**

# Origin of the long range force

## Origin of the long range force



## Realization in physical hadron systems

- No system with exact  $\mu=0$  ( $N^*$ :  $\Delta \sim 595$  MeV /  $m_\pi \sim 140$  MeV)
- Is there any system with **small**  $\mu$ ? (c.f.  $\bar{K}NN \sim \Lambda^*N$ )

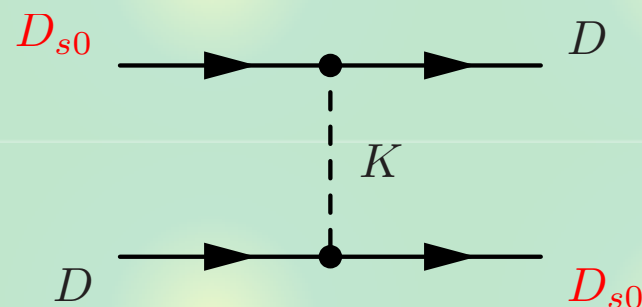
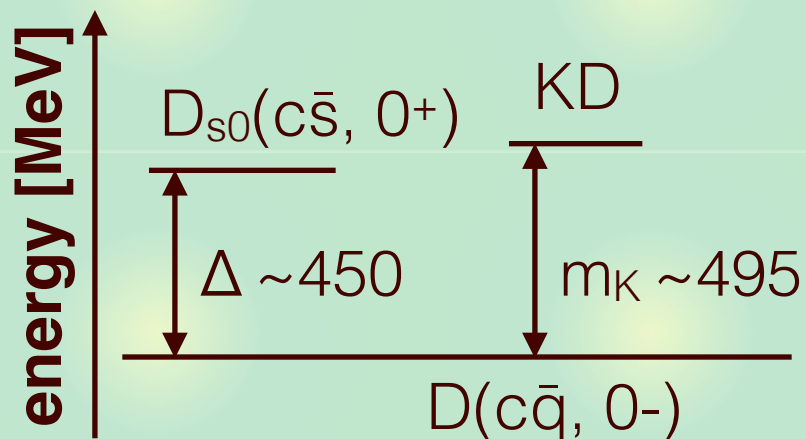
T. Uchino, T. Hyodo, M. Oka, Nucl. Phys. A, 868-869, 53 (2011)

# Doubly charmed exotic meson

We consider  $D_{s0}(0^+)D(0^-)$  molecule via  $K$  exchange

- Charm  $C=2$ : manifestly exotic (at least four quarks)

$D_{s0}(2317)$ ,  $KD$  threshold



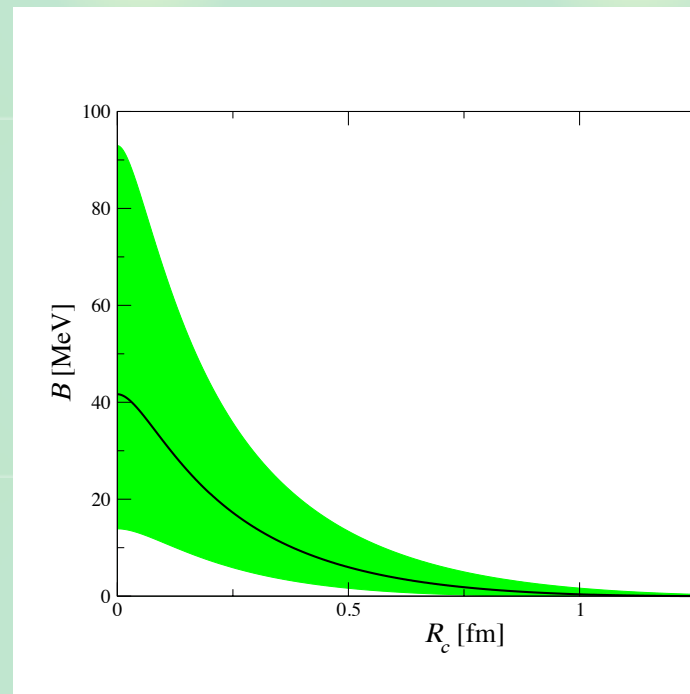
- $K$  exchange gives quasi-long range ( $\mu \sim 200$  MeV) attraction
- Repulsive  $\omega$  exchange is forbidden by OZI rule.
- Same mechanism in  $D_{s1}(1^+)D^*(1^-)$  (HQ symmetry)

# Prediction of binding energy

Effective Lagrangian for  $D_{s0}DK$  (and HQ partner) coupling

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{h}{2} \text{Tr}[\bar{H}_a S_b A_{ab} \gamma_5] + \text{C.C.}$$

- coupling constant  $h$  :  $D_0 \rightarrow D\pi$  decay + SU(3) symmetry
- Short range cutoff  $R_c \leftarrow$  hadron size



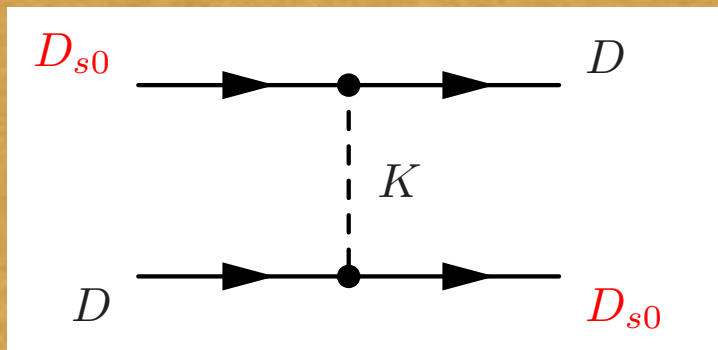
- $R_c \sim 0.5$  fm  $\rightarrow$   $\sim 6$  MeV binding



# Summary



We show that the **long range force** emerges among hadrons when the mass difference  $\Delta$  matches the mass of exchange particle  $m$ .



$$V(r) \sim \frac{e^{-\mu r}}{r}, \quad \mu = \sqrt{m^2 - \Delta^2}$$



**K exchange in  $D_{s0}(0^+)D(0^-)$  system:  $\mu \sim 200$  MeV**  
**—> exotic doubly charmed hadronic molecule**

[M. Sanchez Sanchez, L.S. Geng, J. Lu, T. Hyodo, M.P. Valderrama, arXiv:1707.038202 \[hep-ph\]](#)