

# $K^*$ vector meson coupling to the $\Lambda(1520)$ resonance



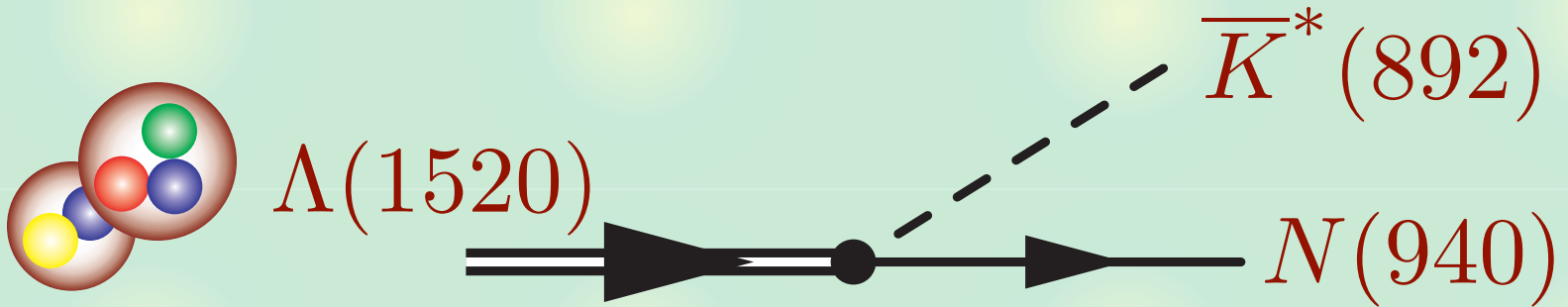
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2006, Mar. 27th<sub>1</sub>

# Contents



- ★ Introduction to  $\Lambda(1520)$
- ★ Chiral unitary model
- ★ Description of  $\Lambda(1520)$
- ★ Formulation
- ★ Results and discussion
- ★ Summary

## Introduction : $\Lambda(1520)$

$$\Lambda(1520) : J^P = 3/2^-, I = 0$$

**Mass :  $1519.5 \pm 1.0$  MeV**

**Width :  $15.6 \pm 1.0$  MeV**

**Decay modes :  $\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow N \bar{K} \quad 45\%$**

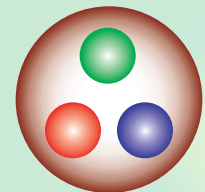
$\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow \Sigma \pi \quad 42\%$

$\Lambda(1520) \rightarrow \Lambda \pi \pi \quad 10\%$

**(Naive) Quark model : SU(3) singlet**

★ large LS splitting with  $\Lambda(1405)$ ?

★ decay branching ratio?



## $\Lambda(1520)$ : recent interest

# Photo-production experiments Large p/n asymmetry?

LEPS @ SPring-8, CLAS @ J-lab.

S.I. Nam *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D 71, 114012 (2005)

# Importance of the $K^*$ exchange?

D. P. Barber *et al.*, Z. Phys. C 7, 17 (1980)

A. Sibirtsev *et al.*, hep-ph/0509145

# $\Theta^+$ $\Lambda^*$ coherent production on deuteron

LEPS @ SPring-8

A.I. Titov *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 72, 035206 (2005)

-> to understand the reaction dynamics

# Chiral unitary model

**Chiral symmetry**

**Low energy  
behavior**

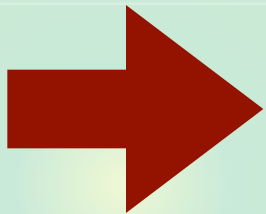


**Unitarity of S-matrix**

**Non-perturbative  
resummation**

**Scattering of 8 meson( $0^-$ ) and 8 baryon( $1/2^+$ )**

**Dynamical  
generation**



**$J^P = 1/2^-$  resonances**

**$\Lambda(1405)$ ,  $\Lambda(1670)$ ,  
 $\Sigma(1620)$ ,  $\Xi(1620)$ ,  
 $N(1535)$**



# Chiral unitary model

**Chiral symmetry**

**Low energy  
behavior**

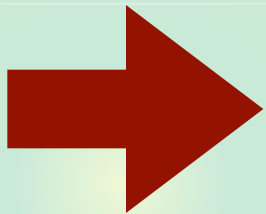


**Unitarity of S-matrix**

**Non-perturbative  
resummation**

**Scattering of 8 meson( $0^-$ ) and 10 baryon( $3/2^+$ )**

**Dynamical  
generation**



**$J^P = 3/2^-$  resonances**

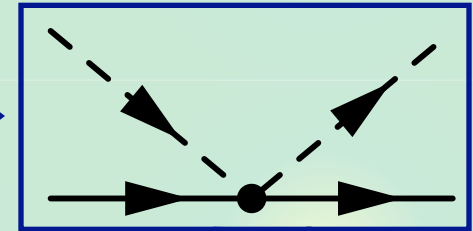
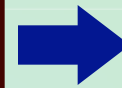
**$\Lambda(1520), \Sigma(1670),$   
 $\Xi(1820), \dots$**



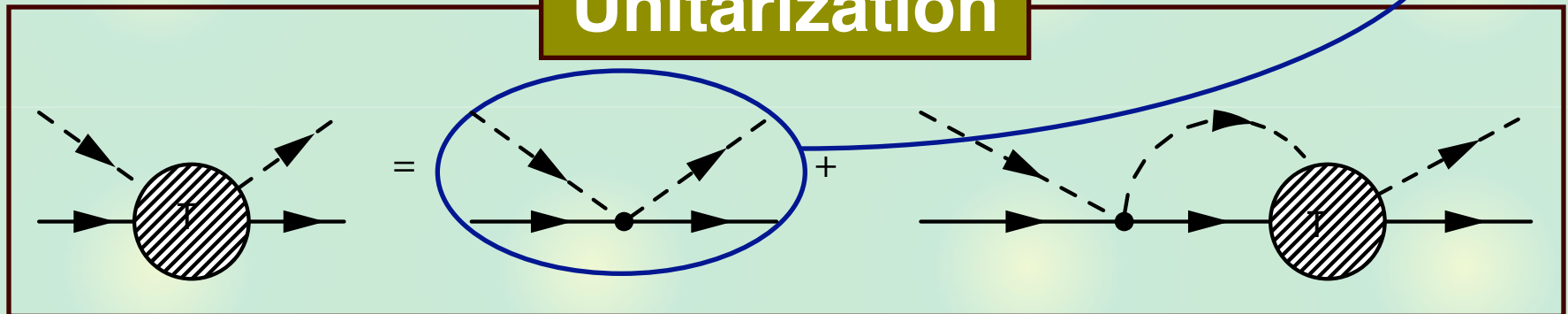
# Framework of the chiral unitary model

## Chiral perturbation theory

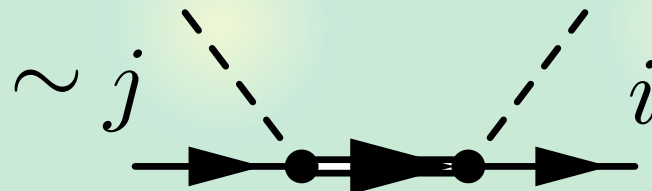
$$\mathcal{L}_{WT} = \frac{1}{4f^2} \text{Tr}(\bar{B}i\gamma^\mu[(\Phi\partial_\mu\Phi - \partial_\mu\Phi\Phi), B])$$



## Unitarization



$$T_{ij}(\sqrt{s}) \sim \frac{g_i g_j}{\sqrt{s} - M_R + i\Gamma_R/2} + T_{ij}^{BG}$$



# Decuplet-Octet scattering

Interaction of 8 meson and 10 baryon is derived from chiral perturbation theory

E. Kolomeitsev *et al.*, PLB 585, 243 (2004)

S. Sarkar *et al.*, NPA 750, 294 (2005)

non-relativistic reduction + s-wave

$$V_{ij} = -\frac{1}{4f^2} C_{ij} (k^0 + k'^0)$$

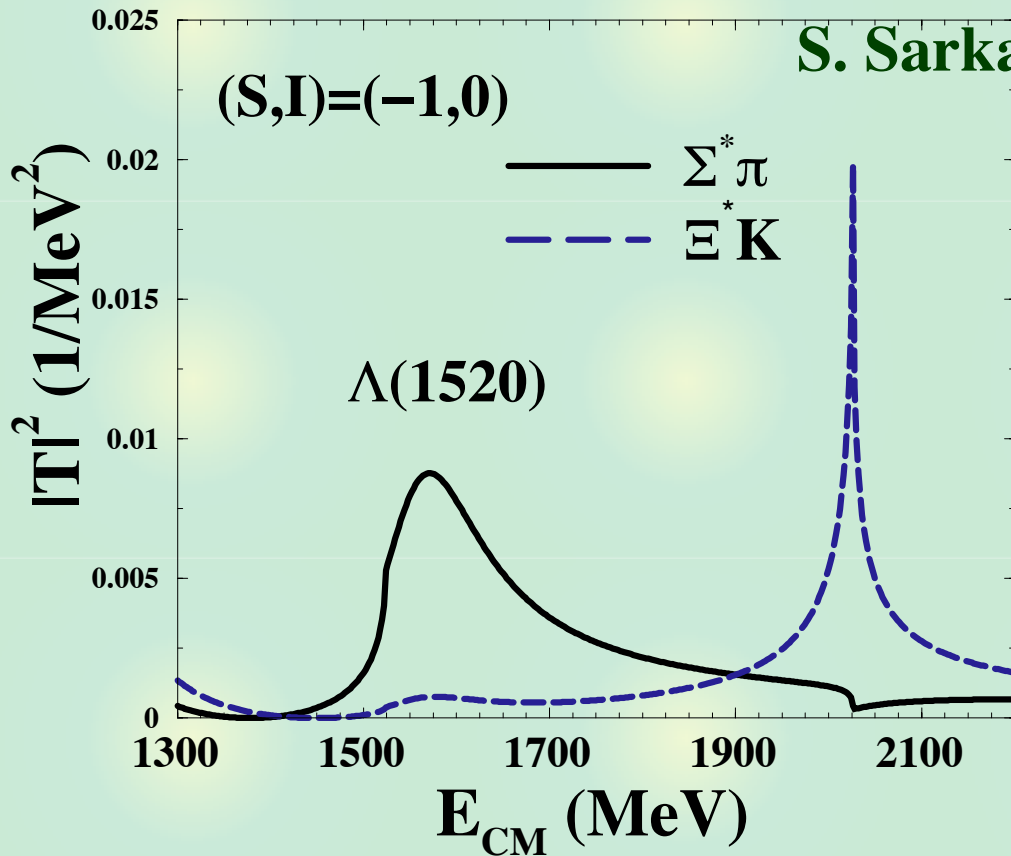
-> **same** structure as 8-8 scattering

SU(3) decomposition

$8 \times 10 = 8 + 10 + 27 + 35$  repulsive  
attractive      weakly attractive



## Result for $\Lambda(1520)$



**Pole** is searched for  
-> to check whether  
resonance or not

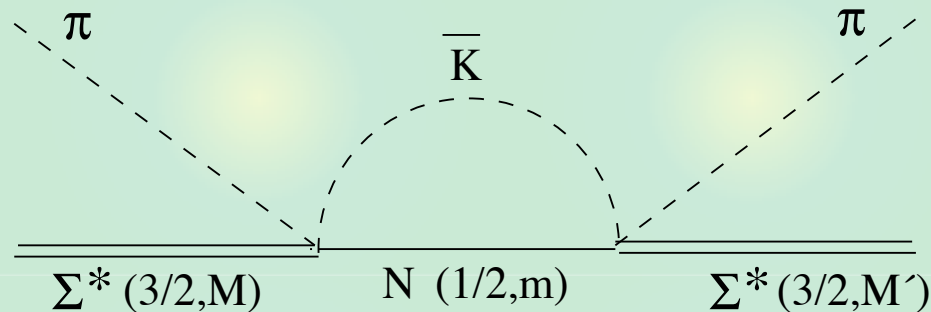
**Caveats :**

- ★ Decuplet baryons do not decay
  - ★ No coupling to other MB channels
- > Results should be regarded as **qualitative**

# Quantitative description of $\Lambda(1520)$

More quantitative description

-> include **d-wave channels** :  $\bar{K}N$ ,  $\pi\Sigma$



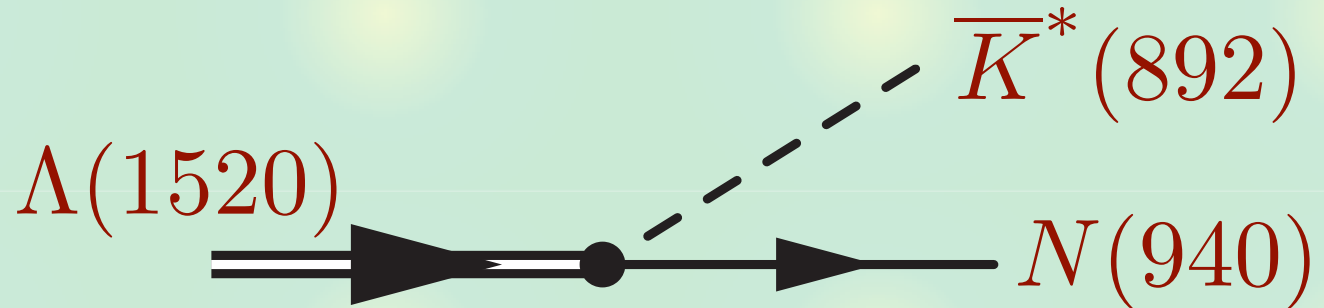
Decay width, branching ratio are reproduced  
<- Additional coupling constants

S. Sarkar *et al.*, PRC 72, 015206 (2005) ->  $K$  induced reaction

L. Roca *et al.*, nucl-th/0602016 ->  $pp$  collision

M. Döring *et al.*, nucl-th/0601027 -> radiative decay

## Formulation



## Effective interaction Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N} = \frac{g_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N}}{M_{K^*}} \bar{\Lambda}_\mu^* \gamma_\nu (\partial^\mu K^{*\nu} - \partial^\nu K^{*\mu}) N + h.c.$$

## Non-relativistic reduction (s-wave)

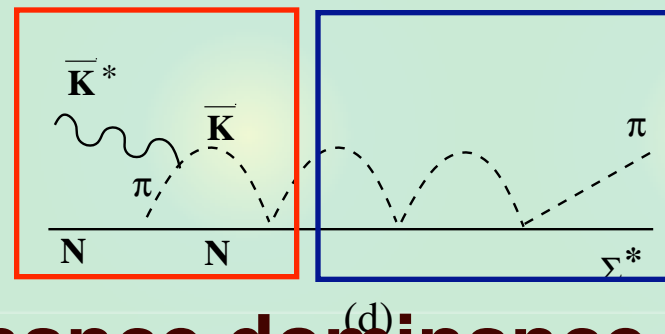
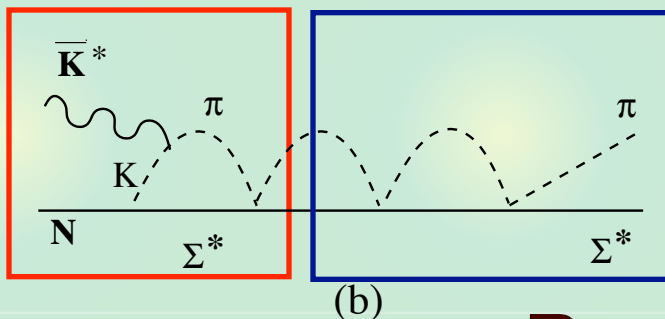
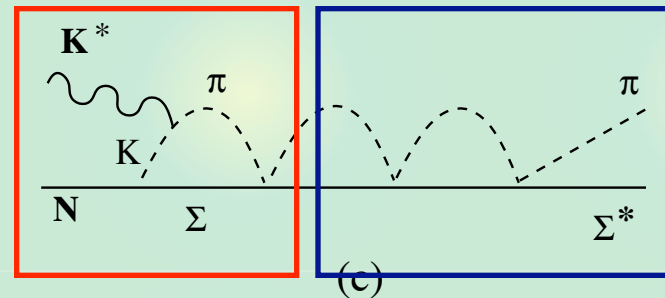
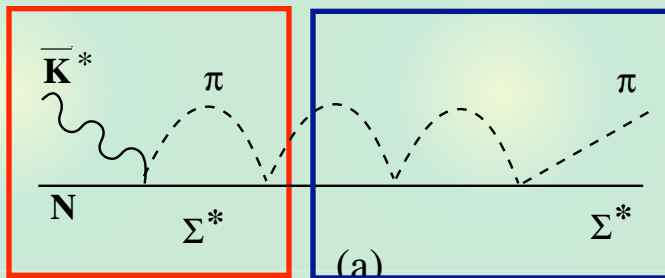
$$-it_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N} = g_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N} \mathbf{S} \cdot \boldsymbol{\epsilon}$$

# Formulation

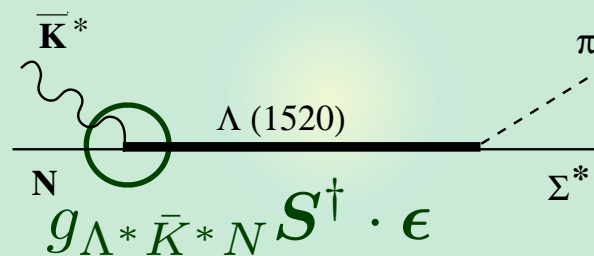
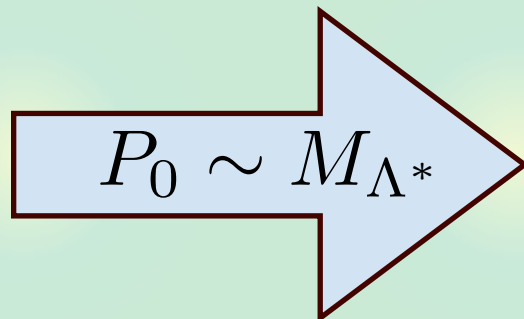
Amplitude for  $\bar{K}^* N \rightarrow \pi \Sigma^*$

Microscopic couplings

Chiral unitary model



Resonance dominance



# Formulation

## Nucleon : on-shell

$$k_0 = P_0 - E_N(k) = P_0 - \sqrt{M_N^2 - k^2}$$

Calculated by evaluating diagrams

$$\boxed{g_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N}(P_0, k)} = \underbrace{g_{\Lambda^* \pi \Sigma^*}}_{\text{blue}} \left[ \underbrace{G_{\pi \Sigma^*}(P_0) + \frac{2}{3} \tilde{G}_{\pi \Sigma^* K}(P_0, k)}_{\text{red}} \right] \underbrace{g_{\pi \Sigma^* \bar{K}^* N}}_{\text{red}}$$
$$\underbrace{+ g_{\Lambda^* \pi \Sigma} \tilde{G}_{\pi \Sigma K}(P_0, k) g_{\pi \Sigma \bar{K}^* N}}_{\text{blue}} + \underbrace{g_{\Lambda^* \bar{K} N} \tilde{G}_{\bar{K} N \pi}(P_0, k) g_{\bar{K} N \bar{K}^* N}}_{\text{red}}$$

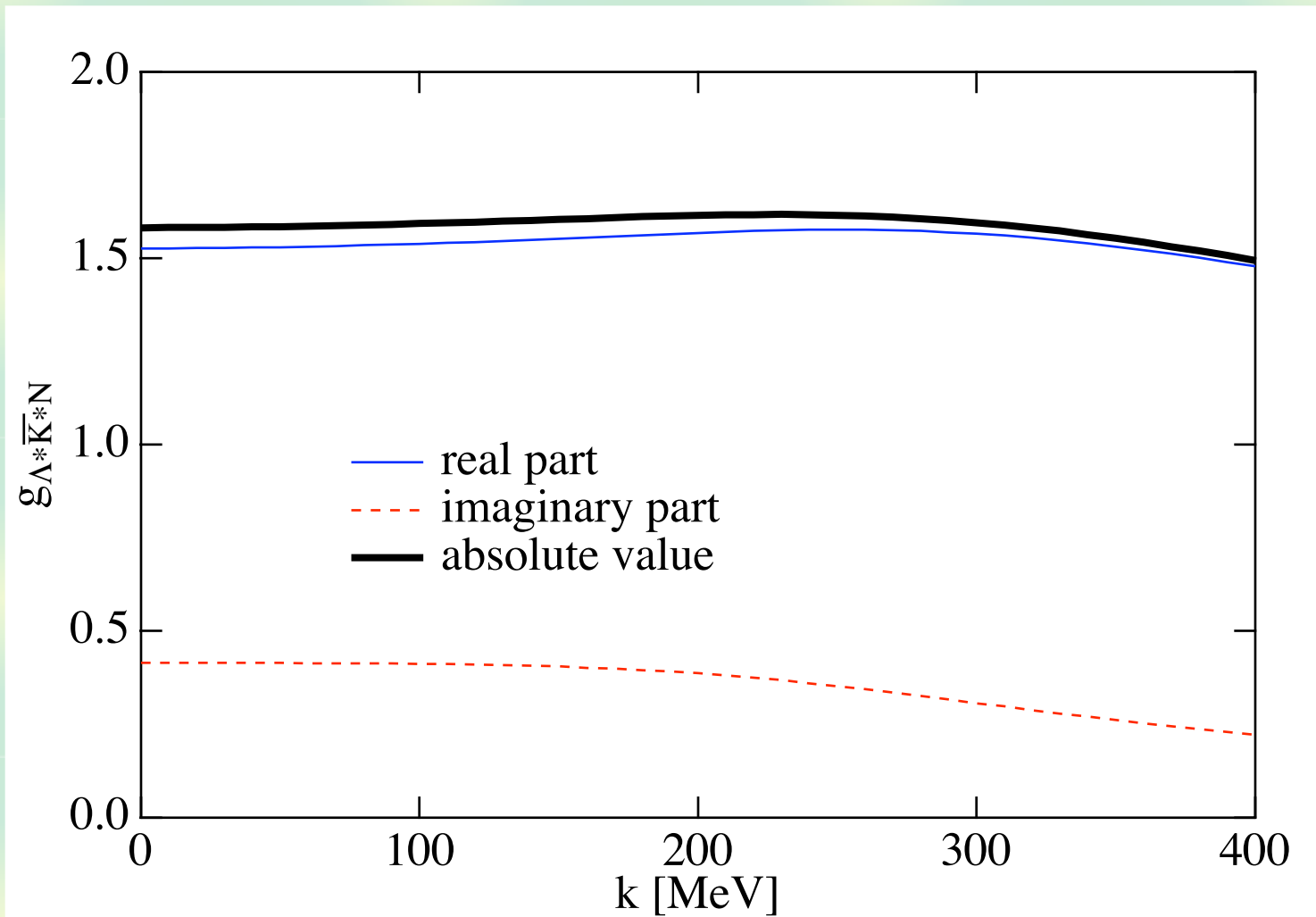
Residue of the pole in chiral unitary model

Evaluate this at

$$P_0 = 1520 \text{ MeV} \quad (\text{resonance dominance})$$

$$k \sim 0 \text{ MeV} \quad (\text{s-wave dominance})$$

# Numerical result



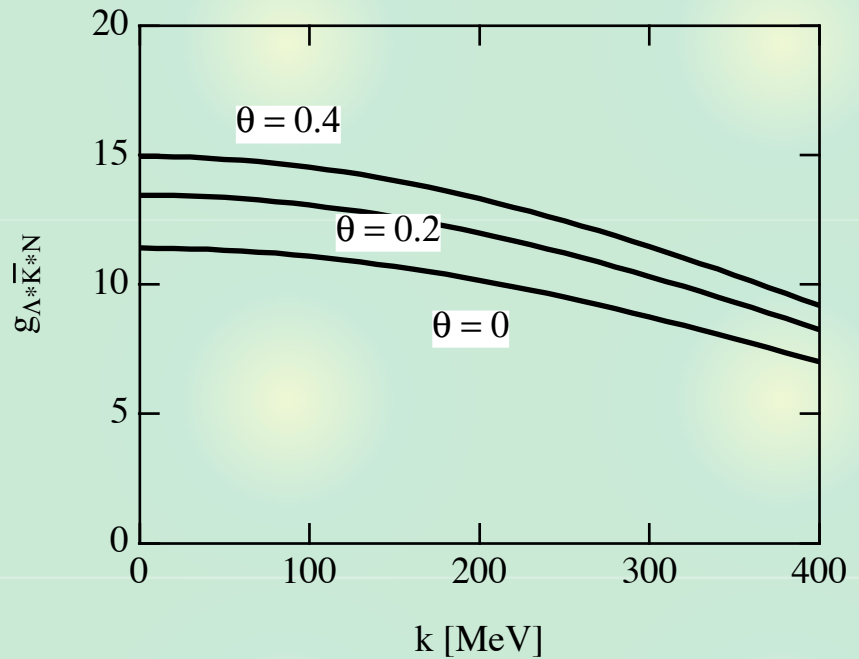
**Small number :  $|g| \sim O(1)$**

# Comparison with other estimations

Chiral unitary model :  $|g| \sim O(1)$

Quark model :  $g \sim O(10)$

$\theta$  : 8–1 mixing angle



Chiral unitary model gives a **small number**.

## Summary 1

We calculate the  $\bar{K}^*N$  coupling to the  $\Lambda(1520)$  in the chiral unitary model.

The  $\Lambda(1520)$  is generated dynamically in the **8meson-10baryon** scattering with phenomenological couplings to the **d-wave 8meson-8baryon channels**.

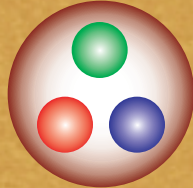
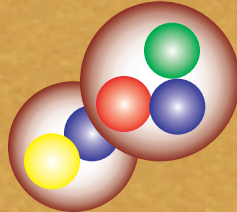
The obtained coupling constant  $g_{\sim 1}$  is **small** compared with the quark model result.

T. Hyodo, S. Sarkar, A. Hosaka, E. Oset, Phys. Rev. C73, 035209 (2006).



## Summary 2

### Difference between two models

	quark model	ChU model
quark structure		
SU(3) rep.	<b>1</b> + 8	<b>8</b> + 27 (+1)
angular momentum	p-wave	s-wave (+ d-wave)
$g_{\Lambda^* \bar{K}^* N}$	$\sim 10$	$\sim 1$

**Experimental determination of  $|g|$  will shed light on the structure of the  $\Lambda(1520)$**

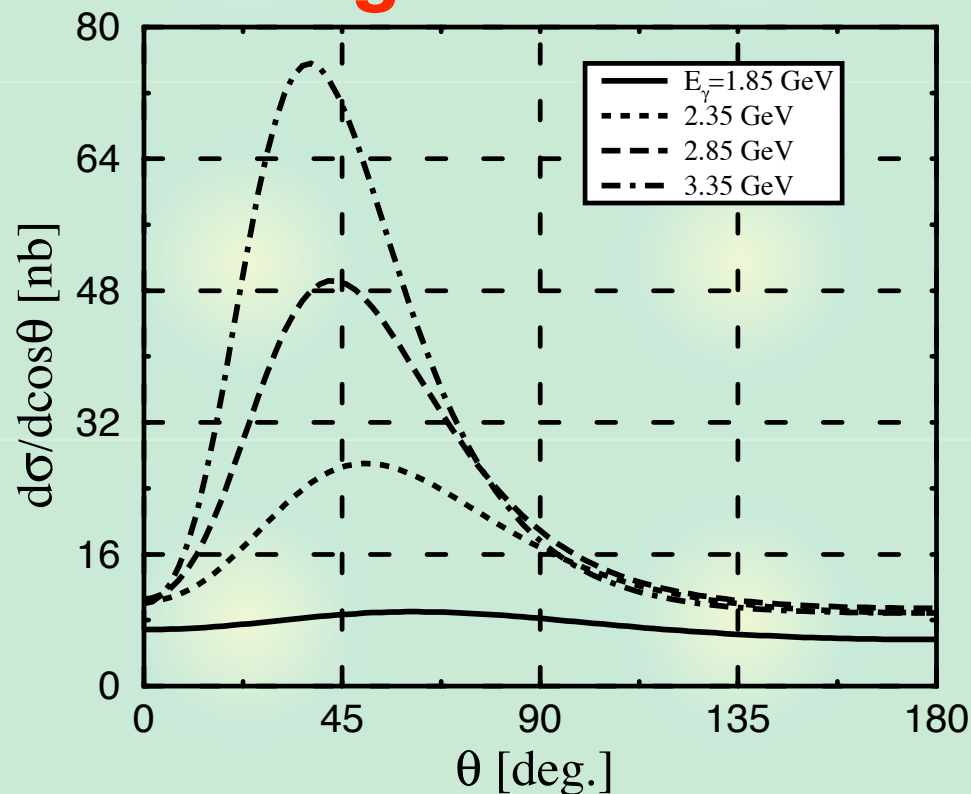
# Experiments?

## Angular dependence of $\gamma n \rightarrow K\Lambda(1520)$

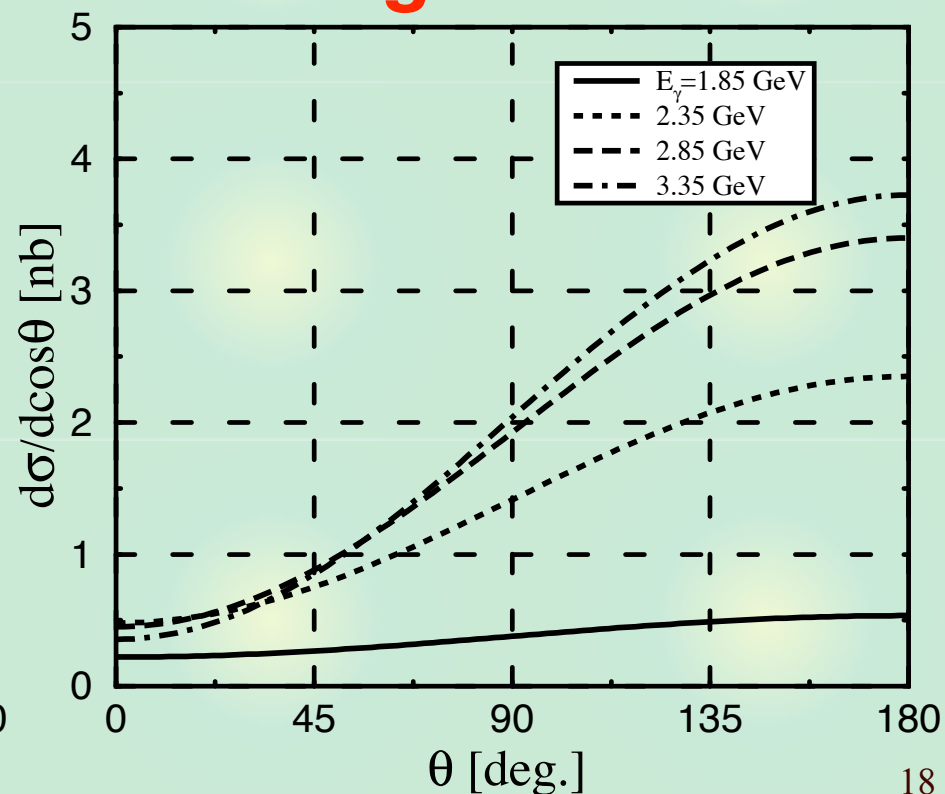
### Effective Lagrangian + Born approximation

S. I. Nam, *et al.*, PRC71, 114012 (2005)

$g = +11$

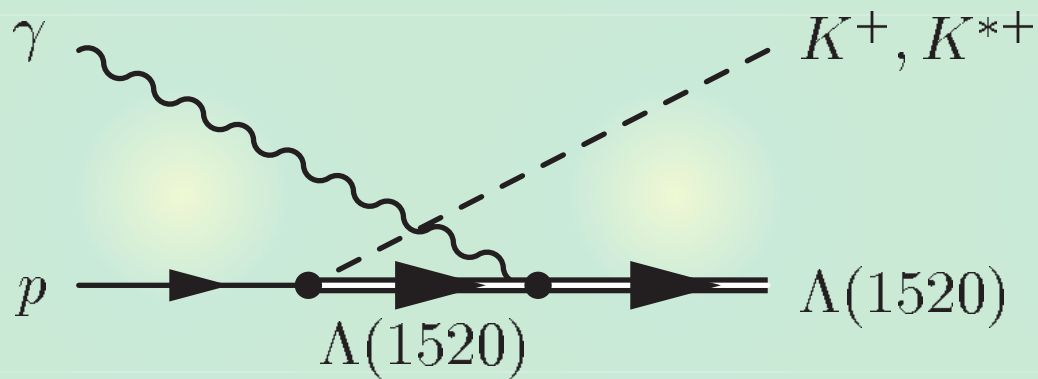


$g = 0$

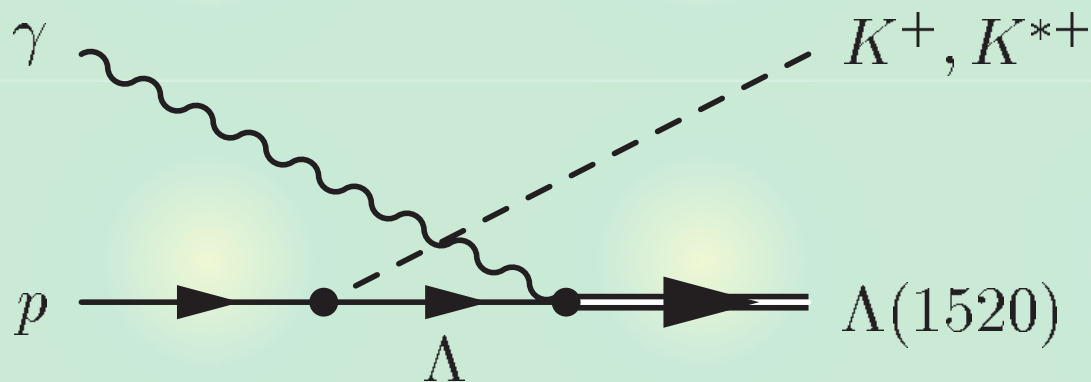


# Experiments?

**u-channel photoproduction :  $\Lambda(1520)$  at forward**



**Measure the ratio of K and  $K^*$  couplings**  
**background** : ground state  $\Lambda$  exchange

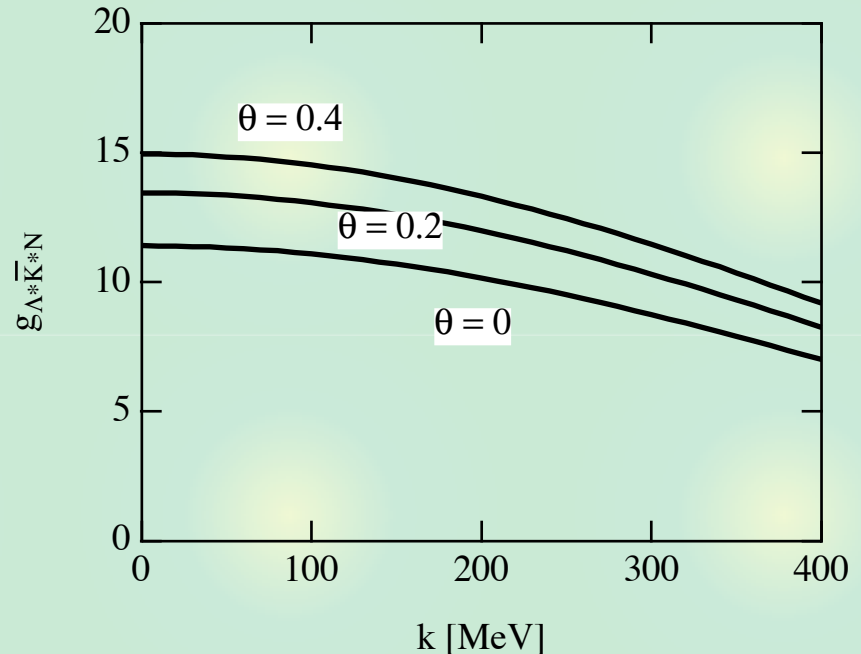


# Comparison with other estimations

Chiral unitary model :  $|g| \sim O(1)$

Quark model :  $g \sim O(10)$

$\theta$  : 8–1 mixing angle



Fitting by Regge model to experiment

$g = +7.1$  or  $-12.6$  A. I. Titov, *et al.*, PRC72, 035206 (2005)

Chiral unitary model gives a **small number**.

# Results for the exotic state?

$8 \times 10 = 8 + 10 + 27 + 35$  weakly attractive

